Assessment Tools based on Learning-Outcomes

Subject:- EVS

Class - III to V

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PREFACE

CLASSES – III to V

Subject - Environmental Studies (EVS)

This document is prepared with the notion to enable the teachers to ascertain learning skills more accurately in the subject of Environmental Studies (EVS) for classes III – V so that the Learning Outcomes may be attained by the students and their periodical assessment can be done to maintain the record of their progress. While making the document it has been ensured that the learning needs of the children with different learning levels – pre-basic, basic, proficient and advanced, are being catered and their progress can be monitored.

About the Document

- The document includes Learning Outcomes prepared by NCERT distinctively for classes III, IV and V in EVS.
- It covers the full syllabus for each class and gives an insight into the progress made in each class.
- It begins with the child's immediate surrounding self, animals, birds, home family in class III and gradually progressing towards the wider environment as it reaches class V.
- The material in the document can be used as an assessment tool for classes III-V in the subject of EVS.
- It is meant both for teachers and the students.
- This document provides the crux of the Learning outcomes.
- Efforts are made to avoid direct information, definitions and descriptions and instead the opportunity is provided to the children to correlate experience and explore the environment in its surroundings.
- This document reaches the desired Learning Outcomes targeting the competencies through multiple choice and open ended questions to assess the learning levels of the students in each class.
- The language in the document is simple for the children to read and understand.
- In spite of the fact that all efforts are made to give full freedom to the child to explore but there might have been some discrepancies.

Therefore this document should be considered suggestive document and constructive suggestions as per the need can be incorporated.

NOTE: These assessment tools are only suggestive for teachers. The teacher can modify these tools according to the need and level of students.

Class III (EVS)

Learning Outcomes (NCERT)

Suggested Pedagogical Processes

The learner may be provided opportunities in pairs/groups/ individually and encouraged to —

- observe and explore the immediate surroundings, i.e., home, school and neighborhood for different objects/plants/ animals/birds for their concrete/ simple observable physical features (diversity, appearance, movement, places of living/ found, habits, needs, behavior etc.)
- observe, explore their home/family for the people whom they live with, what works they do, the relations and their physical features and habits and share the experiences in different ways
- explore the neighborhood for the means of transport, communication and what works people do
- observe their home/school kitchen for food items, vessels, stoves, fuels and cooking processes
- discuss with elders and find out from where we/birds/animals get water, food (plants/ animals, which part of the plant we eat etc.), who works in the kitchen, who eats what, who eats last
- visit different places in the neighborhood, e.g., market to observe the process of buying/selling, journey of a letter from post office to home, local water bodies etc.
- ask and frame questions and respond to the peers and elders without any fear or hesitation
- share their experiences/observations through drawing/ symbols /tracing / gestures/ verbally in a few words /simple sentences in their own language
- compare objects/entities based on differences/ similarities for observable features and sort them into different categories. Discuss with the parents/guardians/ grandparents/elders in the neighborhood and compare their lives in past with that of now for the things of daily use such as clothes, vessels, works done by people around, games
- collect and arrange the objects such as, pebbles, beads, fallen leaves, feathers, pictures, etc., of their finds from their surroundings and arrange in an innovative manner, e.g., heaps, pouches and packets
- critically think to guess/estimate and predict about the happenings, situations, events and the possible ways to check, verify, test them., For example, which directions (left/right/front/back) to be followed to reach a nearby object or place; which vessel (of same volume) contains more water; how many spoons of water to fill a mug or a bucket etc.
- perform simple activities and experiments to observe, smell, taste, feel, hear using different

Learning Outcomes

The learner -

EV301 identifies simple observable features (e.g., shape, color, texture, aroma) of leaves, trunk and bark of plants in immediate surroundings.

EV302 identifies simple features (e.g., movement, at places found/kept, eating habits, sounds)of animals and birds in the immediate surroundings.

EV303 identifies relationships with and among family members.

EV304 identifies objects, signs (vessels, stoves, transport, means of communication, transport, signboards etc.); places (types of houses/shelters, bus stand, petrol pump etc.) activities (works people do, cooking processes, etc.) at home/school/ neighborhood.

EV305 describes need of food for people of different age groups; animals and birds, availability of food and water and use of water at home and surroundings.

EV306 describes roles of family members, family influences (traits/ features /habits / practices), need for living together, through oral/ written/other ways.

EV307 groups objects, birds, animals, features, activities according to differences/ similarities using different senses (e.g., appearance/place of living/ food/ movement/ likes-dislikes/ any otherfeatures) using different senses.

EV308 differentiates between objects and activities of present and past (at time of the elders). (e.g., clothes /vessels /games played/ work done by people).

Ev309 identifies directions, location of objects/ places in simple maps (of home/ classroom/ school) using signs/symbols/verbally.

EV310 guesses properties, estimates quantities; of materials/activities in daily life and verifies using symbols/non-standard units (hand spans, spoon/mugs, etc.)

EV311 records observations, experiences, information on objects/activities/places visited in different ways and predicts patterns (e.g., shapes of moon, seasons).

EV312 creates drawings, designs, motifs, models, top, front, side views of objects, simple maps (of classroom, sections of home/ school, etc.) and slogans, poems, etc.

EV313 observes rules in games (local, indoor, outdoor) and other collective tasks.

senses as per their abilities to identify, classify, differentiate between objects, features, entities etc.

- collect observations and experiences on the experiments and activities and shares that orally /gestures /sketches /tables /writing in simple sentences
- manipulate local and waste material, fallen dry leaves/flowers, clay, fabrics, pebbles, colours to create or improvise drawings, models, designs, collage etc. For example using clay to make pots/vessels, animals, birds, vehicles, furniture from empty matchboxes, cardboard, etc.
- share experiences of their relationships with pets and domestic animals or other birds and animals in surroundings
- participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership by working together in groups, e.g., in different indoor/outdoor/local/ contemporary activities and games, carry out projects such as taking care of a plant(s), feed birds/animals, things around them
- question, discuss, critically think and reflect on their experiences related to situations at home, school, neighbourhood

for stereotypes or discrimination, such as, roles of male/female members, access to food, health, going to school, needs of elders and the differently abled etc.

• explore and read pictures, posters, signboards, books, audio-videos, tactile/raised material/ newspaper clippings, stories/poems, web resources, documentaries, library and use other resources besides textbook.

EV314 voices opinion on good/bad touch; stereotypes for tasks/play/food in family w.r.t gender, misuse/wastage of food and water in family and school.

EV315 shows sensitivity for plants, animals, the elderly, differently abled and diverse family set ups in surroundings. (For the diversity in appearance, abilities, choices – likes/dislikes, and access to basic needs such as food, shelter, etc.)

Class - III EVS

Learning Outcomes	Chapters
EV301	2
EV302	1,8,9,19,24
EV303	4,11,12,21
EV304	3,10,11,12,14,17,18,22
EV305	3,6,8,9,19,20,24
EV306	4,12,14,21
EV307	1,8,19
EV308	10,11,12,15,16
EV309	5,22
EV310	3,12,20
EV311	3,12,15,22
EV312	1,2,3,5,20,22,23
EV313	4,12,16
EV314	6,12,14,16,20,21
EV315	2,5,4,6,7,9,13,18,19,20,21,24

Monthly plan of Chapters based on Learning Outcomes Class III - EVS

Month	Chapter	Learning Outcomes			
	Chapter-1	EV302, EV307, EV312			
April	Chapter-2	EV301, EV312, EV315			
	Chapter-3	EV304, EV305, EV310, EV311, EV312			
	Chapter-4	EV303, EV306, EV313, EV315			
More	Chapter-5	EV309, EV312, EV315			
May	Chapter-6	EV305, EV314, EV315			
	Chapter-7	EV315			
	Chapter-8	EV302, EV305, EV307			
July	Chapter-9	EV302, EV305, EV315			
	Chapter-10	EV304, EV308			
	Chapter-11	EV303, EV304, EV308			
August	Chapter-12	2 EV303, EV304, EV306, EV308, EV310, EV311, EV313			
	Revision for Exams				
September	Exams				
	Chapter-13	EV315			
October	Chapter-14	EV304, EV306, EV314			
	Chapter-15	EV308, EV311			
	Chapter-16	EV308, EV313, EV314			
November	Chapter-17	EV304			
	Chapter-18	EV304, EV315			
	Chapter-19	EV302, EV305, EV307, EV315			
December	Chapter-20	EV305, EV310, EV312, EV314, EV315			
	Chapter-21	EV303, EV306, EV314, EV315			
	Chapter-22	EV304, EV309, EV311, EV312			
January	Chapter-23	EV312			
	Chapter-24	EV302, EV305, EV315			
February		Revision for Exams			
March		Exams			

Child will identify simple observable features (e.g.-shape, color, texture, aroma) of leaves, trunk and bark of plants in immediate surroundings

1.	Name two trees with:-
a)	Thick trunk,
b)	Thin trunk,
2.	Write names of some objects which have patterns of leaves and
	flowers on them in your house. (E.g. bed sheet, curtains, tray, etc.)
3.	Which one is a medicinal plant?
	a) Tulsi
	b) Neem
	c) Pudina
	d) All of these
4.	Name some leaves which give strong aroma/which you can
	recognize by crushing and smelling,
	·
5.	Name two plants which have
a)	Small leaves,
b)	Long leaves,
	Big and flat leaves,
6.	I am the National flower of India

Identifies simple features (like movement, places found / kept, eating habits, sounds) of animals and birds in immediate surroundings.

1.	Name two animals which
	a) can fly,
	b) can crawl,
	c) can hop,
	d) can walk,
	e) can run,
	f) have wings,
	g) have tail,
	h) live on land,
	i) live on water,
	j) live on land and water,
	k) eat only plants/leaves,
	l) eat our food(without permission),
	m) which enter our house uninvited,
2.	Guess-who am I? (Birds)
	a) I have beautiful feathers-
	b) I fly very high and I eat mice-
	c) I am of green colour and I copy you
	d) I have black feathers and I do Kau-Kau-
	e) I have sweet voice- Koohu Koohu
	f) I make holes in trunks of trees-
	g) I remain awake during night / I can see at night
	h) I move my neck back and forth with a jerk- Mynah

(a) Cow (b) Dog (c) Horse (d) Honeybee	gives us honey. pulls the cart. guards our house. gives us milk.
(b) Dog (c) Horse	pulls the cart. guards our house.
(c) Horse	guards our house.
	•
(d) Honeybee	gives us mills
	gives us fillik.
hich animal eats oth	er animals?
Goat	Lion
Horse	Cow
am the National anin	nal of India
hich bird hangs upsi	de down on a tree?
a) Parrot	c) Sparrow
a) Tarrot	-
	Goat Horse am the National bird am the National anin

Identifies relationships with and among family members

1.	What do you call your:-
	a) Father's mother
	b) Mother's father
	c) Father's sister
	d) Mother's brother
2.	Who helps you with your homework?
3.	When I want to know about the past, I go to my:-
•	(there can be more than one option)
	a) Uncle c) Brother
	b) Grandfather d) Sister
4.	I share secrets with my
5	I go to market with my
٥.	1 go to market with my
6.	I play with my
7.	I respect my elders.
	a) By touching their feet
	b) Saying Namaste
	c) Obeying them

d) All of the above

Identifies objects, signs(vessels, stoves, transport, means of communication, transport, sign boards etc.), activities (works people do, cooking processes, etc.) at home / school / neighbourhood places (types of houses), bus stand, petrol pumps etc.

1. Circle the odd one out:-

a) Car Jeep Scooter Bus

b) Aeroplane Helicopter Cycle Rocket

c) Aeroplane Ship Boat Ferry

2. Identify the following means of transport?



a) _____





c)



d)



e)



f)

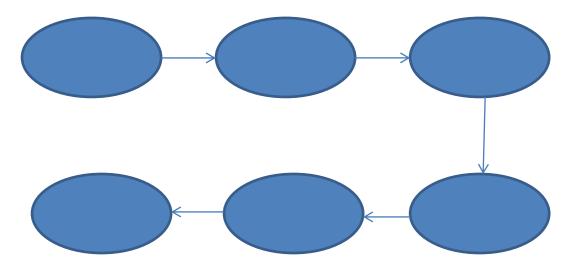


g)

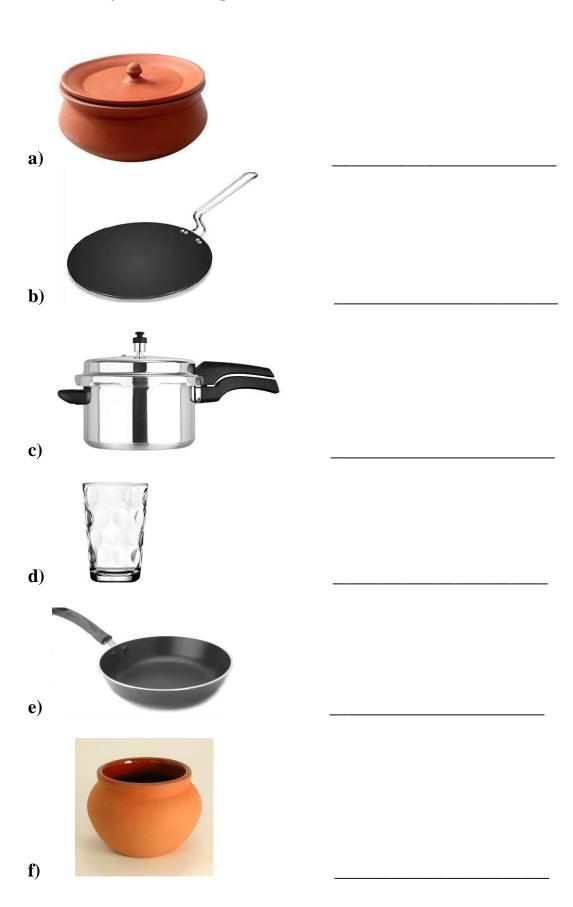


- 3. How do you contact your naani (who lives far away) or your father (in office)? [Mobile phone/landline]
- 4. How do you send your pictures to your friends / Maasi ? (WhatsApp)
- 5. Where do you post your letters?
- 6. Arrange the steps of journey of a letter:-

Sorting, Posting, Delivering, Stamping, Writing



7. Identify the following vessels:-



8. Name two food	items which are	e cooked by :-	
a) Boiling	,		
b) Frying	,,		
c) Baking	,		
9. What are utensi [steel, plastic,alu		etc.]	
10. Match the follow	ving:-		
a) Chulha		Kerosene Oil	
b) Solar Cooker		Gas	
c) Heater		Sunlight	
d) Stove		Wood	
e) Gas Burner		Electricity	
a) Ambulanceb) Policec) Fire	ct numbers of tl	the following emergency services:- 100 101 102	
12. Circle the food i	tems which can	n be eaten raw:-	
Fish	Onion	Peas	
Radish	Apple	Rice	
Brinjal	Potato	Grapes	

13. Circle the buildings that are found in your neighbourhood:-

Post Office School Hospital Cinema Hall College Hotel Police Station Temple Bank 14. Match the following:-Sells Flowers / Bouquet a) Barber b) Doctor Paints houses / Buildings c) Postman Cuts the hair d) Mason Constructs buildings Treats the sick e) Painter Stitches Clothes f) Mechanic Maintains law and order g) Tailor Delivers letters h) Carpenter i) Policeman Repairs car or scooter j) Florist Makes furniture 15. Where do you go:a) When you are sick-____ School b) When you want to post letters-____ Railway Station c) When you want to play-____ Hospital d) When you want to study-Petrol Pump Post Office e) When you want to withdraw money-____ Bank f) When you want to board a bus-____ Park g) When you want to fill petrol in your bike-____ **Bus Stand** h) When you want to board a train-

Describes roles of food for people of different age groups, animals and birds, availability of food and water and use of water at home and surroundings.

1. Circle the sources of water given in the grid:-

R	I	V	E	R	Z
X	M	С	A	O	L
L	R	V	T	A	P
A	A	W	E	L	L
K	I	T	L	E	J
E	N	P	0	N	P

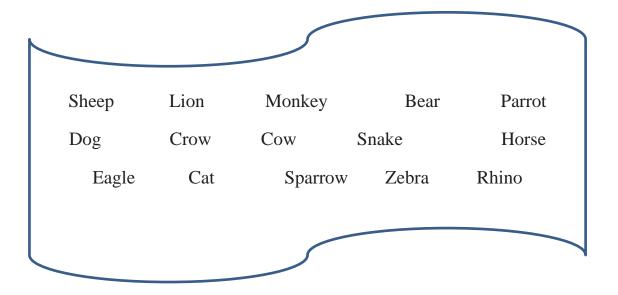
2. Tick the food items that you have in your mid-day meal:-

Dal		Burger		Chapati		Dalia
	Egg		Noodles		Parantha	
Maggie		Rice	Khee	r P	ulao	Kadi

- 3. How does your mother cook food? (on gas, stove, heater etc.)
- 4. Our kitchen is a small medical store. Name two ingredients or spices (having medicinal qualities) that your mother gives you when you are sick.
- 5. We need food because :
 - a) it gives us energy
 - b) it helps us to grow and to develop
 - c) it makes us healthy
 - d) all of the above
- 6. Underline the activities for which you need water:-

writing	bathing	sleeping
cooking	playing	washing
drinking	driving car/cycle	swimming

7.	Categorize the following animals that eat plants, eat other
	animals, eat both:-



Eat plants	Eat other animals	Eat plants as well as other animals

Describes roles of family members family influences (traits / features / habits / practices) , need for living together, through orally / written / other ways

1. Match the duties of your family member	I.	members:	I.
---	----	----------	----

a) Grandfather prepares food

b) Grandmother helps you with your homework

c) Father plays with you

d) Mother takes you out for outing

e) Brother tells stories

- 2. How can you help your mother in her work at home? (in dusting, cleaning, etc.)
- 3. Circle the features that match with your family members

Colour of eyes Hair Height

Complexion Nose Smile

- 4. Do you live in a Joint family or a Nuclear Family?
- 5. Match the following:-

a) Mother of your father
b) Sister of your mother
c) Father of your mother
d) Brother of your father
e) Sister of your father
Masi

Groups objects, birds, animals, features, activities according to differences similarities using different senses. (E.g. appearance / place of living / food / movement / likes – dislikes / any other features

L.	suess who am 1?
	My feathers are green, my beak is red and I love to copy people's voice
) I am black but my voice is sweet. I say Koohu-Koohu -
	My beak is very sharp, I stitch leaves with it to make home -
	I eat dead animals to make places clean, I can fly high-
	I remain active at night, I can rotate my neck backwards to a great extent
2.	ame two
	birds that fly low,
) birds that can't fly,
	birds that fly high,

Who eats what:-**3.** Lizard Grass Rat Snake Human Beings Ant Chapati, fruits Insects Goat

4. How are the following animals useful? Find from the given help box:-

	farming	gives wool	gives milk
	riding	g/cart gua	rds home
	gives meat	eats rat	gives egg
Goat		f) Do	og
			at
Cow _		h) Bu	ıll
Buffalo		i) Do	og

5. Name the place of living of these animals:-

- a) Dog _____
- b) Horse _____
- c) Lion _____
- d) Cow _____
- e) Pig _____
- f) Birds _____

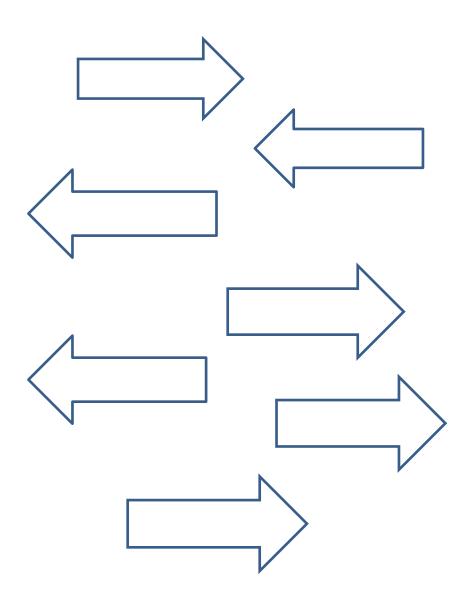
Differentiate between objects and activities of present and past (at times of elders) e.g. clothes / vessels / games played / work done by people

- 1. Ask your grandparents / elderly people what they used earlier (in their time)
- a) For cooking \rightarrow e.g.- angeethi, chulha, etc.
- b) Sources of heat \rightarrow e.g.-coal, cow dung cakes, etc.
- c) Types of vessels →pots made of clay, copper, aluminum, iron, etc.
- d) Clothes→ lungi, dhoti, kurta pajama, etc.
- e) Tools for farming→ trowel, sickle, axe (and nowadays tractor, cranes)
- f) Means of transport→ cart (horse, bullock)
- g) Means of communication→ letters, postcard, landline, etc.
- h) Games, they used to play when they were young→
- i) Work, they did when they were children→ taking care of younger siblings, looking after cattle, bringing water, etc.

Note: - Teacher can compare these all with present scenario.

Identifies directions, locations of objects / places in simple maps (of home / classroom / school) using signs / symbols / verbally

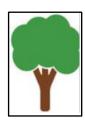
1. Colour the left arrows green and right arrows red:-



2. Match the symbols with their meanings:-



House



Restaurant



Tree

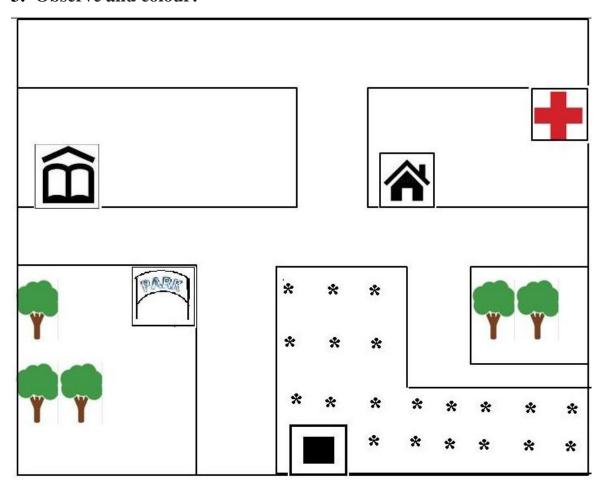


School



Hospital

3. Observe and colour:-

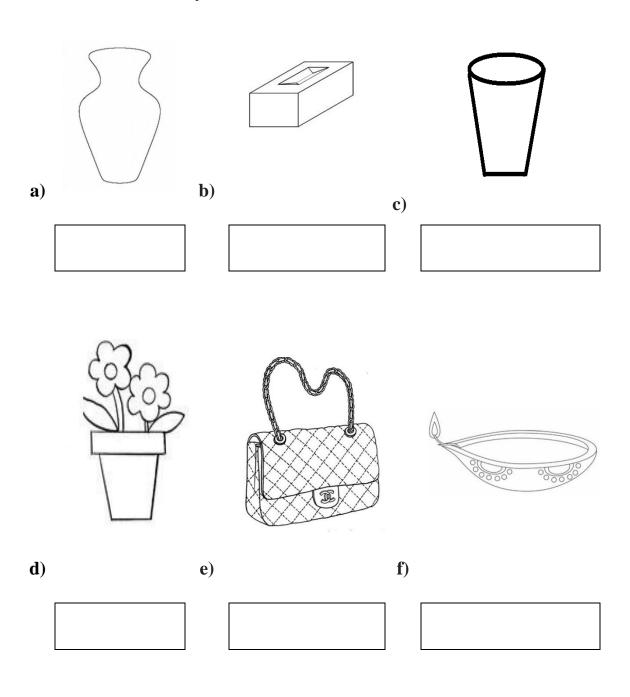


- a) Colour the symbol of hospital red.
- b) Colour the symbol of park green.
- c) Colour the symbol of house yellow.
- d) Colour the symbol of school blue.

4. We should always walk on the ______ side of the road.

Guesses properties, estimates quantities, of materials / activities in daily life and verifies using symbols / non standard units (hand span, spoon / mugs, etc)

1. Name the objects shown below and colour only those objects which are made of clay:-



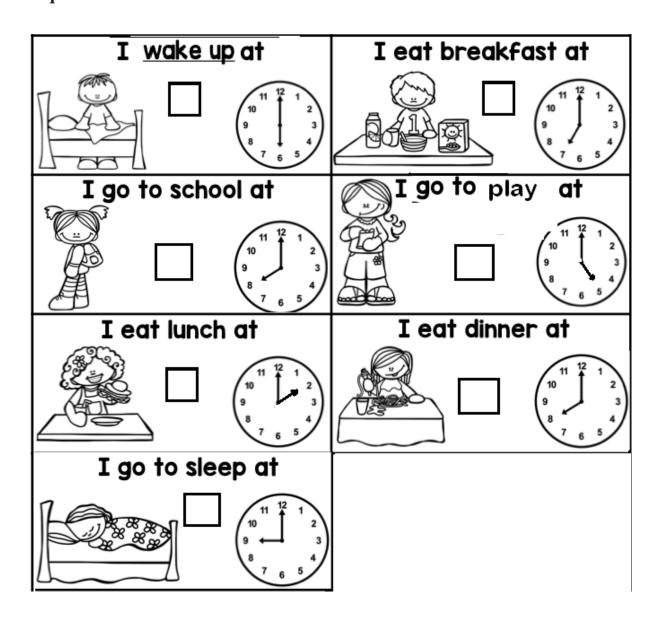
2. Match t	he following:-	
a) Ice		Liquid
b) Wate	r	Gases
c) Steam	n	Solid
3. Which r	needs more wat	er? Circle the correct answer:-
a) Maki	ng tea, Having	bath
b) Clear	ning house , Coo	oking
4. Tick wh	nich is farther:-	
a) from	your classroom	
*	Mid-day meal	room
*	Washroom	
b) from	your home	
*	School	
*	Market	
c) from	your school	
*	Park	
*	Temple	
5. How ma	any mugs of wa	ter are there in a bucket full of water?
	te) [Activity bas	
	-	
6. How ma	any spoons of w	rater are there in a glass of water? (estimate)
[Activity	y based]	

7.	Measure the following ol	ojects in your class	room (using hand span):
	a) Your bench	hand span.	
	b) Door h	and span.	
	c) Teacher's chair	hand sp	an.
8.	Circle the things needed	by the Potter to ma	ake a clay pot:-
	Plastic	Clay	Stone
	Trowel	Hammer	Pin
	Basket	Water	Potter's Wheel
9.	Activity (Mid-Day Meal	period)	
	The teacher will collect di	fferent types of tiffi	ns from students and will
	ask them to make an estim	ate of how many la	dles of Mid-Day Meal can
	be put in those tiffins and	then verify the same	e by pouring Mid-Day Meal
	in each tiffin. (to compare	the capacity of each	n tiffin).
10		e person / whole fa	ke an estimate - like while mily / famlily and guests -

<u>Learning Outcome – EV311</u>

Records observations, experiences, information of object / activities / places / visited in different ways and predicts patterns (example shapes of moon, seasons)

1. Number the following activities of your daily routine in proper sequence:-



2. Where do you go if:-

a)	you are sick
b)	you want to post a letter
c)	you want to withdraw / deposit money
d)	you want to buy a ticket of train
e)	you want to study
f)	you want to pray
g)	you want to buy some fruits
h)	you want to watch a movie
i)	you want to read a book of your choice

Help Box

Library
Hospital
Post Office
Market
School
Temple
Cinema Hall
Railway Station
Bank

3. Fill in the blanks:-

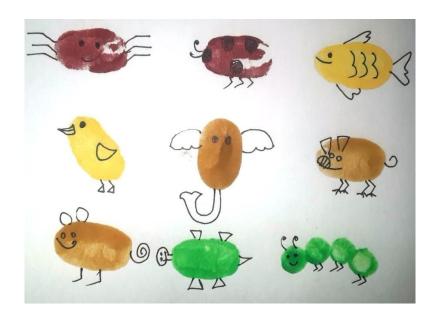
What month is it?	What season is it?	How is the weather?	What do you wear?	What can you do?
1-1	It is	It is and	I wear	I can
2 – F		3 **		· Pune
3 – M	It is .	It is and	I wear	I can
4 – A			and	· Pue
5 – M	Property of the second	10000		
6 – J	It is	It is and	I wear	I can
7 – J	•		and	and Section 1997
8 – A				TO SOUTH THE STATE OF THE STATE
8 – S	It is .	It is and	I wear	I can
10 - 0	***		and	and
11 – N	**		N. C.	S. S
12 – D	It is	It is and	I wear and	I can and
April, August, December, February, January, July, June, March, May, November, October, September	summer, winter spring, autumn	hot, cold, cool, warm rainy, sunny, windy, snowy	a hat, an umbrella, sunglasses a shirt, a jacket, a coat, a raincoat shorts, pants, a dress, a skirt shoes, boots, flip flops, ice skates	fly a kite, go swimming, ride a bike, build a snowman go roller skating, climb a tree, ride a sled, eat ice cream

Creates drawings design, motifs, models, top, front, side views of objects, simple maps (of classroom, sections of home/school, etc) and slogans, poems etc.

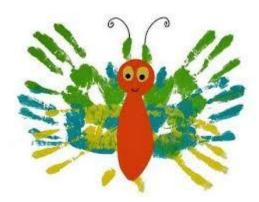
1. The teacher can ask students to make designs and motifs (patterns) using different objects like capsicum, ladyfinger, onion etc. (Activity based – can be done in scrap-book / drawing sheet).



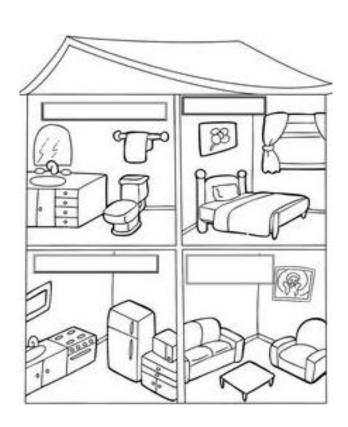
2. Make different designs / objects (like birds, butterfly, tree, rat, spider, flower, tree etc.) using thumb painting.



3. Making different designs / drawings using your hands / feet (with the help of water colours):-



4. Label the different sections of home in the picture given below:-



5. Match the column A with column B:-

Column A Column B

a) Place where you sleep Kitchen

b) Place where your mother cooks Bedroom

c) Place where you eat Study Area

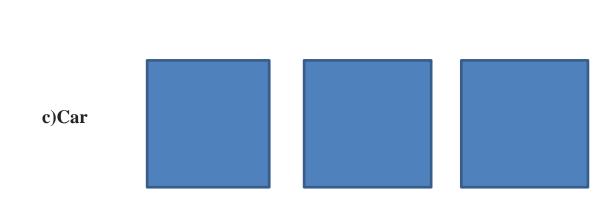
d) Place where you take bath Drawing Room

e) Place where you study Bathroom

f) Place where guests sit Dining Area

6. Draw top, front and side view of:-

	Top	Front	Side
a)Tree			
b)Almirah			

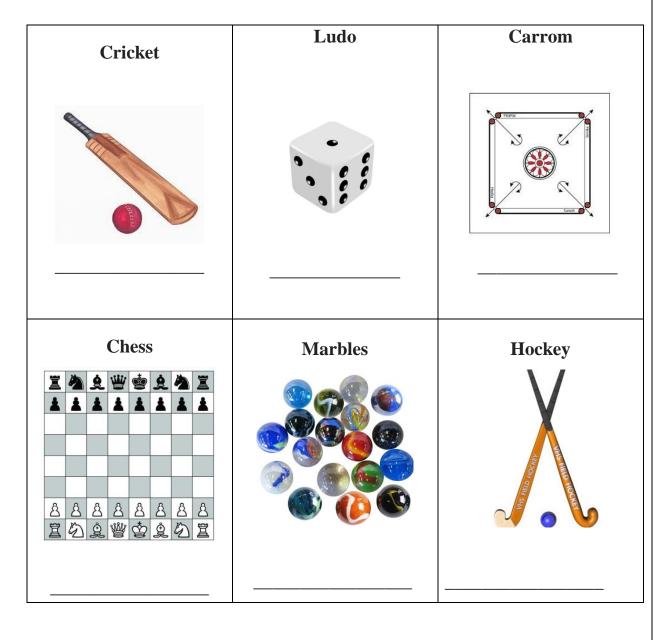


7. Write slogans on:-

- a. Girl Child
- b. Importance of Education
- c. Save Environment.

Observes the rules in games (local, indoor, outdoor) and other collective tasks.

- 1. Name the game that is played with:
 - a) bat_____
- c) racket_____
- b) ball _____
- d) dice_____
- 2. Classify these games as indoor / outdoor games:-

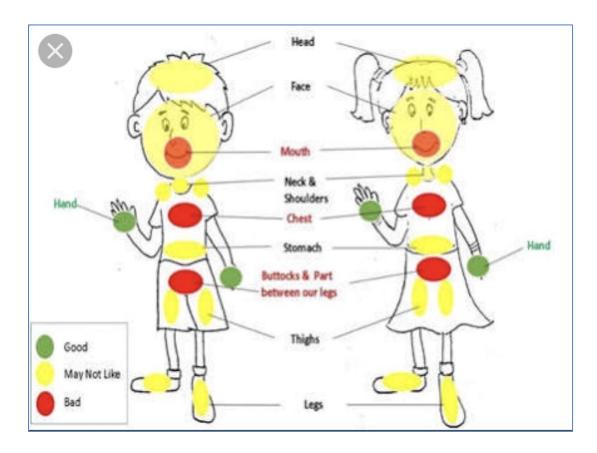


3. Name two games that you play in a ground:					
4. Circle what you like to do in your free time:-					
Singing	Da	ancing	(Colouring	
	Watching T.V	Re	ading Story Boo	ok	
Gardening	Sk	cating	Ι	Drawing	
5. Find out the crossword pu		e from t	he given help b	oox and complete the	
F	Т	L			
		Н	C	Y	
				HELP BOX	
				Hockey, Ludo,	
		С	E	Cricket, Football, Chess	

	a) Cricket				
	b) Hockey				
	c) Football				
	d) Chess				
7. H	low many players are	there in th	ese games:	-	
	a) Cricket				
	b) Football				
	c) Kabaddi				
	d) Kho Kho				

Voices opinion on good / bad touch; stereotypes for task / play / food in family with respect to gender, misuse / wastage of food and water in family and school.

1. Let's make our children aware about good touch and bad touch (concept of private parts also) [eg-private parts are kept covered]



2. Activity: Video regarding good or bad touch can be shown to the students.

3. Na	me two food items:-
a)	made of wheat
b)	made of rice
c)	made of milk,
d)	that can be eaten by old people,
e)	that can be eaten by young children (1-2 years),
f)	that are eaten only when cooked,
g)	that are eaten raw
h)	that can be eaten both raw and cooked,
4. Fill in	n the blanks:-
a)	We should not food. (eat / waste)
b)	Junk food is for health. (good / bad).
c)	We should your family members in the household
	work. (help / not help)
d)	My mother eats food in the family. (first / last)
e)	make our house look beautiful. (Rangoli / Dirty
	bathrooms)
5. Tio	ck the correct statements.
a)	Decorating our house will make it look more beautiful. ()
b)	You should not inform your teacher when you leave the classroom. ()
c)	It is everyone's duty to ensure the cleanliness of house. ()
d)	We should not keep things at their proper place. ()
e)	We should help our mother in cleaning our house. ()
f)	You should turn off the taps when not in use. ()
g)	You should throw the leftover food in the dustbin. ()

i) Store water in lealj) Wash vegetables i		
	ing while brushing your teeth. (
	cted on the top of the roof of the house.	()
	shing utensils can be reused for moppin	
n) The roof of the ho	use is made sloping to collect rainwater.	. ()

<u>Learning Outcome – EV315</u>

Shows sensitivity for plants, animals, the elderly, differently-abled and diverse family setups in surroundings. (for the diversity in appearance, abilities, choices: likes / dislikes and access to basic needs such as food, shelter, etc.)

1. Match column A with column B.

	Column A	Column B
	a) Grandparents, parents and children living together	Small family / nuclear family
	b) Grandparents, uncle, aunt and children living together	Big family
	c) Parents and children living together	Joint family
2. Ti	ick ($$)the correct statement:-	
a)	I live in a joint family. ()	
b)	My dada and dadi live in a village. ()
c)	Food for the whole family is cooked in	n the same kitchen in my house.
	()	
d)	When a baby is born in a family, the nather the family. ()	number of members decreases in
e)	We should help the physically challen	ged people. ()
	Caring for elders is a bad habit. ()	
	Braille is a special way of reading and	writing. ()
h)	Old age home is a place for old people	e. ()
i)	We should touch eggs of a bird in the	nest. ()
	We should water plant / trees. ()	
k)	We should not tease animals. ()	

3. Complete the table :-

Name of the animal you fed	What did you feed
a) Dog	
b) Cow	
c)	Milk
d) Sparrows / Pigeon	
e)	Carrot

4. Match the Column A to Column B

Column A	Column B
a) Hearing problem	Stick
b) Cannot see	Crutches
c) Problem in walking	Hearing Aid
d) Low vision	Spectacles

5. There are some differently abled people amongst us. Fill in the blanks with the right word:-

a) A person cannot see.b) A person cannot hear.	Help Box deaf blind dumb
c) A person cannot speak.	dumb

Class IV (EVS) Learning Outcomes (NCERT)

Suggested Pedagogical Processes

The learners may be provided opportunities in pairs /groups / individually and encouraged to —

- observe and explore the immediate surroundings, i.e., home, school and neighborhood for different objects/ flowers/ plants/animals/birds for their simple observable physical features (diversity, appearance, movement, places of living, food habits, needs, nesting, group behaviour, etc.)
- ask questions and discuss with family members/elders as to why some family members stay together and others are away, interact with relatives, friends etc. who stay at far off places, about the houses/transport and life in their place of residence.
- visit community/ home kitchen/ mandi/ museum/ wildlife sanctuaries/ farms/ natural sources of water/ bridges/ construction sites/ local industries/ distant relatives, friends/places famous for making special things such as paintings, carpets, handicrafts, etc.
- interact with people (vegetable sellers, flower sellers, beekeepers, gardeners, farmers, drivers, health and defense personnel, etc.) and share experiences about their work, their skills and tools used by them
- discuss with elders, the situations about changes in family with time, roles of different family members, share their experiences and views on stereotypes/discrimination/unfair treatment to people/animals/birds/plants in their home/school/neighbourhood.
- ask and frame questions and reflect on experiences without any fear or hesitation
- share their experiences and observations through drawing/symbols/tracing/ gestures/ verbally and writing in some sentences and para in simple language
- compare objects and entities based on differences or similarities in the observable features and sorts them into different categories
- discuss with the parents/guardians/ grandparents/elders in the neighbourhood and compare the life style of past and present (clothes, vessels, nature of work, games); inclusion of children with special needs
- collect objects and material from their surroundings such as fallen flowers, roots, spices, seeds, pulses, feathers, newspapers, magazine articles, advertisements, pictures, coins, stamps and arrange them, etc. in an innovative manner
- perform simple activities and experiments to observe/smell/taste/feel/hear using different senses as per their abilities e.g., to test solubility of different substances in water, separate salt and sugar from water, and observe how fast a piece of wet cloth dries up (in sun, in a room, rolled, flattened, with/without fan) blow hot, blow cold

Learning Outcomes

The learner -

EV401 identifies simple features (e.g., shape, colour, aroma, where they grow/any other) of flowers, roots and fruits in immediate surroundings.

EV402 identifies different features (beaks/teeth, claws, ears, hair, nests/shelters, etc.) of birds and animals.

EV403 identifies relationship with and among family members in extended family.

EV404 explains the herd/group behaviour in animals (ants, bees, elephants), birds (building nests); changes in family (e.g., due to birth, marriage, transfer, etc.)

EV405 describes different skilled work (farming, construction, art/craft, etc.); their inheritance (from elders) and training (role of institutions) in daily life

EV406 explains the process of producing and procuring daily needs (e.g., food, water, clothes) i.e., from source to home. (e.g., crops from field to *mandi* and home, water from local source and ways of its purification at home/ neighbourhood)

EV407 differentiates between objects and activities of past and present. (e.g., transport, currency, houses, materials, tools, skillsfarming, construction, etc.)

Ev408 groups the animals, birds, plants, objects, waste material for observable features. (e.g., on appearance (ears, hair, beaks, teeth, texture of skin/surface), instincts (domestic/wild, fruit/ vegetable/ pulses/ spices and their shelf life) uses (edibility, medicinal, decoration, any other, reuse), traits (smell-taste, likes, etc.)

EV409 guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena), estimates spatial quantities (distance, weight, time, duration) in standard/local units (*kilo*, *gaz, pav* etc.) and verifies using simple tools/set ups to establish relation between cause and effect. (e.g., evaporation, condensation, dissolution, absorption; for places— near/

far, objects—size and growth; shelf life of flower, fruit, vegetables)

EV410 records her observations /experiences/ information for objects, activities, phenomena, places visited (*mela*, festival, historical place) in different ways and predicts patterns in activities/phenomena.

- observe and share experiences of the phenomena, happenings, situations in daily life such as how root, flowers grow, lifting of weight with/without a pulley etc. and use ways to check/verify/test the observations through simple experiments and activities
- read train/ bus tickets and Time Table, currency notes, directions to locate places on the map, signboards
- manipulate local /waste material to create/ improvise patterns, drawings, models, motifs, collage, poem/ story/slogans using variety of material. For example, using clay to make pots/vessels, animals birds, vehicles, making train, furniture from empty matchboxes, cardboard, waste material etc.
- participate in different cultural/national/ environmental festivals/occasions organized in/at home/ school/community, e.g., morning or special assembly/ exhibition/ Diwali, Onam, Earth Day, Eid etc. in events
- of celebrations, dance, drama, theatre, creative writing etc. (e.g., *diya/rangoli/*kite making/ models of buildings/bridges etc. and sharing experiences through stories, poems, slogans, reports about the events narration/creative writing (poem/story) or any other creative tasks
- explore/read books, newspaper clippings, audio, stories,/poems, pictures/videos/ tactile /raised material/web resources/ library and any other resources besides textbooks.
- enquire from parents, teachers, peers and elders at home/community, discuss, critically think and reflect on experiences of children related to situations at home,
- school, neighbourhood on reuse and reduction of waste, proper use and care of the public property, care of different animals, water pollution and wastage, health and hygiene
- enquire/care about participation of female members in stereotypical activities for play/work, limited/restricted access of some children/persons/families (differently abled, castes, the aged) to common places/ resources, etc.
- participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership by working together in groups e.g., in different indoor/outdoor/local/contemporary activities and games, carry out projects/ role play for taking care of a plant(s), feed birds/animals, things/ elderly/differently abled around them.

EV411 identifies signs, location of objects/places and guides for the directions w.r.t a landmark in school/neighbourhood using maps etc.

EV412 uses the information on signboards, posters, currency (notes/coins), railway ticket/time table.

EV413 creates collage, designs, models, *rangolis*, posters, albums, and simple maps (of school/neighbourhood, flow diagrams, etc.) using local/waste material.

EV414 voices opinion on issues observed/ experienced in, family/ school/ neighbourhood, e.g., on stereotypes

(making choices/ decision making/solving problems), discriminatory practices on caste in use of public places, water, MDM/ community eating, child rights (schooling,

child abuse, punishment, labour).

EV415 suggests ways for hygiene, reduce, reuse, recycle and takes care of different living beings (plants, animals, and the elderly, differently abled people), resources (food, water, and public property).

Class - IV EVS

Learning Outcomes	Chapters
EV401	4,5,11
EV402	2,3,5,16
EV403	8,9
EV404	16,9,3
EV405	5,14,15,23,26
EV406	13,14,15,18,19,21,25
EV407	1,6,7,12,14,23
EV408	1,2,3,5,6,14,15,19,25
EV409	6,7,8,12,13,15,18
EV410	6,7,8,17,19,20,21,26
EV411	7,8,13,24,26,27
EV412	6,7,8,24
EV413	10,12,13,18,22
EV414	1,5,9,10,17,20,21,22,26
EV415	2,3,4,5,6,11,13,14,16,18,19,27

Monthly plan of Chapters based on Learning Outcomes Class IV - EVS

Month	Chapter	Learning Outcomes
	Chapter-1	EV407, EV408, EV414
4	Chapter-2	EV402, EV408, EV415
April	Chapter-3	EV402, EV408, EV415
	Chapter-4	EV401, EV402, EV415
	Chapter-5	EV401, EV402, EV405, EV408, EV414, EV415
Mary	Chapter-6	EV407, EV408, EV409, EV410, EV412, EV415
May	Chapter-7	EV407, EV409, EV410, EV411, EV412
	Chapter-8	EV403, EV409, EV410, EV411, EV412
	Chapter-9	EV403, EV404, EV414
	Chapter-10	EV413, EV414
July	Chapter-11	EV401, EV415
	Chapter-12	EV407, EV409, EV413
August	Chapter-13	EV406, EV409, EV411, EV413, EV415
		Revision for Exams
September	Exams	
	Chapter-14	EV405, EV406, EV407, EV408, EV415
October	Chapter-15	EV405, EV406, EV408
	Chapter-16	EV402, EV404, EV415
	Chapter-17	EV410, EV414
November	Chapter-18	EV406, EV409, EV415
November	Chapter-19	EV406, EV408, EV410, EV415
	Chapter-20	EV410, EV414
December	Chapter-21	EV406, EV410, EV414
	Chapter-22	EV413, EV414
	Chapter-23	EV405, EV407
Ionvor	Chapter-24	EV411, EV412
January	Chapter-25	EV406, EV408

	Chapter-26	EV405, EV410, EV411, EV414
February	Chapter-27	EV411, EV415

Identifies simple features (e.g. shape, colour, aroma where they grow / any other) of flowers, roots and fruits in immediate surroundings.

S	
tree is found in desert areas	s. Its fruits are eaten by
bark is used as medicine.	
Khejadi	
Neem	
Mango	
Apple	
month Litchi tree come to flower?_	
ne columns:-	
Column A	Column B
a) Valley of flowers	Uttarakhand
	Khejadi Neem Mango Apple month Litchi tree come to flower? ne columns:- Column A

c) Khejadi tree	Banyan tree
d) Onion	Australia
e) Date	Bihar
f) Dessert Oak	Roots
g) Hanging Roots	Rajasthan

Abu Dhabi

b) Madhubani

	place in Uttar Prace (Kanna	adesh is famous for I uj / Agra)	TR (scent).
5. Name	the flowers which	are used in the follow	wing states for making
dishes:-			
	a) Uttar Pradesh	- KH_	R
	b) Kerala	- B_N_ A	
	c) Maharashtra	_ SH N	
7. Encirc	ele different uses o	f flowers:-	
	Scent	Medicines	Washing
	Decoration	Cleaning	Chemicals
	Worship	Skincare	Cooking
8	and	flowers bloom	n only at night.

9. Differentiate fruits and vegetables from the following:-

Apple, Mango, Cabbage, Pear, Onion, Cucumber, Jackfruit, Banana,

		Ginger, Pineapp	le
	Fruits		Vegetables
e)			
10. Which g	roup of vegetables	are roots?	
a)	Spinach, Fenugree	k leaves, Coriande	er leaves, Mustard
b)	Onions, Radish, Po	tato, Carrot, Beetr	root
c)	Cauliflower, Brocce	oli, Peas	
d)	Brinjal, Jackfruit, T	Comato, Cucumber	•
11.Tick (√) 1	the fruits that are g	rown in Kerala:-	
a)	Coconut		
b)	Banana		
c)	Jackfruit		
d)	Apple		
e)	Papaya		
f)	Pomegranate		
12. Which fl	lower is used in reli	gious ceremonies	s, marriages and temples
and it is yell	ow in colour?		

Identifies different features (beaks / teeth, claws, ears, hair, nests / shelters etc.) of birds and animals.

1. Differentiate the animals, which have ears that can be seen and which have ears that cannot be seen?

Whose ears can be seen	Whose ears cannot be s
	-
. State whether the following state	ements are True or False:-
a) Tiny holes on lizard's head are	its ears. ()
b) Animals whose ears we can see	, have hair on their body. ()
c) Dinosaurs are endangered anim	als. ()
d) Tiger is the National animal of	India. ()
e) Cows lay eggs. ()	

12.Match the col	lumns:-				
\mathbf{A}	В	C			
Cows	sharp curved teeth	keep gnawing on to keep teeth from becoming long			
Cats	sharp teeth	for snipping grass			
Snakes	front teeth keep growing	tearing and cutting meat			
Squirre	short front teeth	do not chew only swallow			
13. Fill in the bla	anks :-				
Crow, Sparrov	w, Indian Robin, Pigeon.				
a)	makes nest between stor	nes with soft twigs, roots,			
wool, ha	air etc.				
b)	makes nest in old and	deserted buildings.			
c)	c)make nest in and around houses.				
d)	d)uses all kind of things to make nest, even wire and				
wood.					
14.Name the National bird of India					

15.Match the picture with statement :-



a)



1

c)



d)

finds insects and worms from mud and Shallow water

tears and eat meat

makes holes in wood and tree trunks

sucks nectar from flowers

<u>Learning Outcome – EV403</u>

Identifies relationship with and among family members in extended family.

1. Write one word:-

a) Your father's father	
b) Your mother's mother	
c) Your father's elder brot	her
d) Your mother's sister	
e) Your father's sister	
2. Match the columns:-	
Relation	Malayalam Language
a) Nani	Kunjamma
b) Masi	Chitappan
c) Chacha	Valiyamma
d) Chachi	Ammumma
3. Enlist three reasons tha	at brings change in a family:-
a)	
b)	
c)	

4. You r	ead about Wahida Prism, Lieutenant commander in Indian
Navy.	The following are some facts about her life. Write 'true' or
'false'	:-
a)	She was very interested in studies. ()
b)	Her parents had to face many problems. ()
c)	They had to move out of their village. ()
d)	Her parents supported her. ()
e)	Her father did not like her studies. ()
5. Chush	kit's grandfather was happy that she could go to school. In
her la	nguage what she calls her grandfather?
6. Who i	s the head of your family?
7. What	type of family you have? Nuclear family or Joint family?
Write	two lines about your family.
	family
a)	
b)	

Explain the herd / group behaviour in animals (ants, bees, elephants), birds (building nests); changes in family (e.g. due to birth, marriage, transfer etc.)

1.	Encircle the v	arious occasions w	hen you meet you	friends and
	relatives:-			
		Marriage	Death	Jagran
		Diwali	Transfer	Fights
		Holi	Republic Day	Gandhi Jayanti
	a	Langer t Gurdwara	Birth	Accident
2.		Then a boy is marrie	ed a new member is sthere occurs a char	added to family.()
		•		ne gets transferred.()
			with father most of	
3.	Name the stat	e bird of Chandiga	arh?	
4.	Who is the lea	nder of elephant he	erd?	
	a) T	he strongest male el	lephant	
	b) T	he oldest male elepl	hant	
		he oldest female ele		

d) The youngest female elephant

_	T-1011 0	41 11 1	• 4 1	41	1	•	•	1 1	•
5.	Hill in	the highle	with	tho	Words	alvan	ın	hain	hov.
J.	T. 111 111	the blanks	** 1 1 1 1	uic	WULUS	211011		IICIP	DUA.

mud and water, big ears, two to four, cool, flap, leaves and twig	mud and water,	big ears,	two to four,	cool, flap, leaves	and twigs
---	----------------	-----------	--------------	--------------------	-----------

a)	Elephants sleep for	_ hours in a day.
b)	Elephants love to play with	·
c)	The mud keeps their skin	·
d)	Their work like	fans.
e)	The elephants	their ears to keep themselves

f) Elephants eat ______.

6. Match the columns:-

e) Camel

cool.

a) Snake Gutargoo Gutargoo
b) Bear lives in basket, makes hissing sound
c) Horse dances and jumps in circus
d) Pigeon lives in desert runs very fast

runs very fast

7. Honey bees lay their eggs from ______.

- a) February to April
- b) October to December
- c) July to September
- d) May to July

8. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions:-

Every beehive has one Queen bee that lays eggs. There are only few males in the hive. Most of bees in the hive are worker bees. They make hive and also look after the baby bees. They fly around flowers in search of nectar. Nectar is used for making honey. When one bee finds flower with nectar, it does a special dance by which other bees can know where the nectar is. The male bees have no special role as workers.

a)	What is the role of Queen Bee?
	a) Collects nectar
	b) Looks after babies
	c) Lays eggs
	d) Protects hives
b)	Most of the bees in the hive are
	a) Queen bees
	b) Male bees
	c) Baby bees
	d) Worker bees
c)	Tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) the work that worker bees do.
	a) Make hive
	b) Lay eggs
	c) Look after baby bees
	d) Collect nectar
d)	When one bee finds flowers with nectar what does it do?
e)	have no special role as workers.

Tiger	Lion	Honey
Tiger	Lion	bees
Fish	Bear	Cows
Ant	Wasps	Leopard
b) After chicks have gr	·	i
0. Mark tick ($$) or cross (Σ	x) for following statem	ients:-
a) Birds use the nest of		
c) Koel makes its own	·	
d) Birds have many en		
e) The Peacock is our i		

Describe different skilled work (farming, construction, art/craft, etc.); their inheritance (from elders) and training (role of institutions) in daily life

1. October to December is the best time to start bee-keeping because:-

- a) Honey bees lay eggs from October to December .
- b) Honey bees collect nectar during this time.
- c) Litchi trees flowers during this period.
- d) Honey bees are healthy during this period.

2. Match the columns:-

Column A	Column B
a) One who makes pots	Ticket collector
b) One who works on Iron	Bookseller
c) One who makes wooden things	Ironsmith
d) One who works in farm	Potter
e) One who checks tickets in train	Carpenter
f) One who carries luggage	Farmer
g) One who sells books	Coolie

3. Fill in the blanks from help box:-

right amount		it yellow	and dry up	
ot in th	e ground	remove	regular distance	
a)	It is necessary to	drop the	of seeds at a	
b)	If we are late, the	· e onions will	·	
c)	When the leaves	start turning	, onions a	ıre
	ready to be taken	out.		
d)	We must	weeds.		
			nts in your school?	_
6 Wı	rite True or False	1 *_		
	Pochampalli is a			
,	•	Ü	ly weaved clothes. ()	
ŕ	Great skill is nee	•		
,			ant of money for sarees.)
	Precious crafts an))
C)	riccious ciaris ai	om dunger.	,	

Colu	mn A	Column B
a) Poc	hampalli	Kashmir
b) Mad	dhubani	Assam
c) Sha	wls	Andhra Pradesh
d) Silk	-	Kullu
e) Em	oroidery	Bihar
8. What are	the duties of a doctor	r in Indian Navy? (Refer page 206)
A medical of	ficer makes sure that e	everybody on ship stays
He carries ou	tof a	all officers and sailors. He ensure no
C	ollects and there are no	o on the ship to avoid
9. Fill in thea)		ch behind the leader. (Four/Six)
b)	commands ha	ave to be given during entire parade. (Thirty
	Chirty Six)	
c) Police	maintains	(patients / law and order).
10.	Name the three force	es of Defence:-
	2)	(land)
	a)	
	b)	(air)
	c)	(water)

7. Match the columns:-

Explains the process of producing and procuring daily needs (examples food, water, clothes) that is from source to home (e.g. crops from field to Mandi and home, water from local source and ways of its purification at home / neighbourhood).

1. Match the animals with occupation:-

•	
<u>Animals</u>	Occupation
	Dairy Farming
	Sericulture
	Bee keeping
	Fishing
	Poultry farming

should guide student regarding importance of food, shelters, clothing)					
Cereal	ls	Books		Water	
Cold I	Orink	Mobile Phone		Milk	
Sugar		Pizza		Cloth	
Home		Dal		Vegetables	
Fruits		Computer		School	
 3. Which of the following is not used as source of drinking water? (Mark Tick(√) a) Tap b) well c) hand pump d) sea 4. From the box given below, write the words in column A and B:- Boiling, adding Chlorine, washing clothes, filtration, bathing, factory 					
	waste, sedimentation, throwing garbage				
That	A That makes water dirty		B That makes water pure		
					-
					_
					_

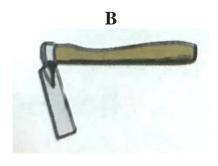
2. Encircle the things that you cannot live without:-(Please note: teacher

5. Read the statement and name the instrument:-

(Kurige, Illige, Khunti, Dranti)

A

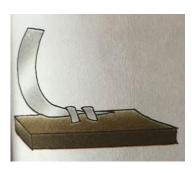
a) An iron rod to dig the soil



b) Used for sprinkling seeds



c) Used to cut the dried leaves



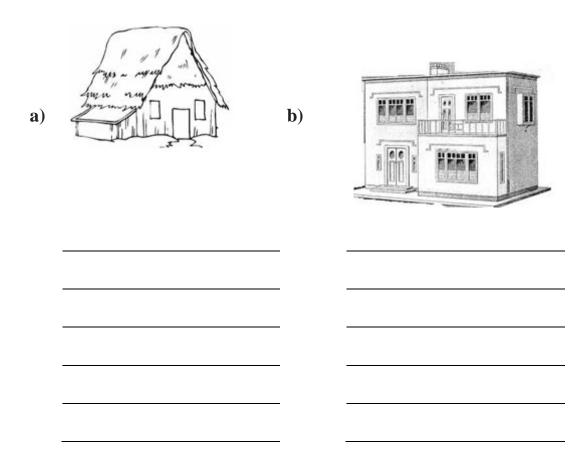
d) Used to cut the crops



6. Weeds are removed, because:a) they take up all the water and fertilizers b) they take up all the sunlight c) they are very green d) they help plants

Differentiate between objects and activities of past and present (e.g. transport, currency, houses, materials, tools, skills, farming, construction etc.)

1. Look at the pictures carefully and write the materials used to build under each picture:-



2. Colour the box with yellow if it belongs to tradition and with blue if it belongs to Modern times:-

Kutcha House	Gas Chulha	Plough
Tractor	Pakka House	Mud Chulha
Neem Leaves	Kerosene Lamp	Bulb
All Out	Bullock Cart	Bus

3. Which of the follow	ving does not belong	to tradition?	
a) 10 paisa	coin		
b) Mud Chu	ılha		
c) Child ma	rriage		
d) Internet			
4. Which of the follow	ving is not a modern	mean of transpo	rt?
a) Aeroplane			
b) Train			
c) Cart			
d) Bus			
5. Write one word for	r the following:-		
a) One who we	eaves the cloth	·	
b) One who wo	orks with wood	·	
c) One who ma	akes things of iron	·	
d) One who wo	orks in fields and grov	v crops	·
e) One who ma	akes shoes	·	
6. Complete the chart	nt at the time of your g	grandparents, pare	ents and you:-
Materials	Grandparents	Parents	You
Food			
Clothes			
House			
Transport			
Means of Communication			

Groups of animals, birds, plants, objects, waste material for observable features. e.g. on appearance (ears, hair, beaks, teeth, texture of skin/surface), instincts (domestic/wild, fruit/vegetable /pulses/spices and their shelf life) uses (edibility medicinal, decoration any other, reuse), traits (smell-taste, likes, etc.)

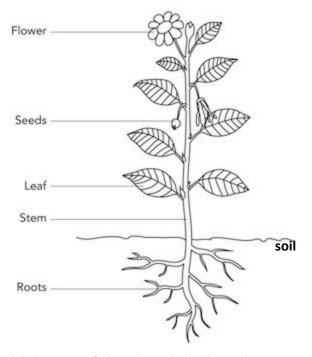
1. Circl	le the animals that are	e used as a means of tran	sport:-
	Horse	Elephant	Cow
	Bullock	Camel	Yak
	Dog	Pony	Tiger
2. Fill ir	n the blanks:- feathers, pige	on, Indian robin, ostrich	, webbed
a)	is a com	mon bird and found in citi	es around the world.
b)	Duck has	_ feet.	
c)	Birds have	all over the body.	
ď	makes	nest between stones	

e) ______ is biggest and fastest bird that cannot fly. It lives in

Africa.

(Cow	Dog	Crocodil	e Hen
S	Sparrow	Bear	Frog	Liza
I	Buffalo	Cat	Snake	
) <i>F</i>	•		have ears that	
) <i>A</i>	Any two ani	mals which l		cannot be seer
) '	Give birth t	o young ones		
) I -	Lay eggs.		.,	
) F	Have hair or			
-) I	Oo not have	hair on their	skin	
ircl	e the Enem	ies of birds:	-	
Cat	Hu	man	Dog	Cow
Rats	s Bi	g Birds	Crows	Snake
	non Be			

5. Look at the picture carefully and answer the questions given below:-



- a) Which part of the plant is below the ground? _____
- b) Which part of the plant is beautiful? _____.
- c) Which part of the plant keeps its standing? _____.
- d) Which part of the plant uses sunlight to nourish it? _____.

6. Mark ($\sqrt{\ }$) on the vegetable that is leaf

- a) radish
- b) carrot
- c) cauliflower
- d) spinach

7. Mark ($\sqrt{\ }$) on the vegetables that are roots

- a) Beetroot
- b) Turnip
- c) Cabbage
- d) Onions

ncircle the t	hings that you	can identify by sn	nell only :-
Garlic	Carrot	Onion	Milk
Vater	Ginger	Rice	Cinnamon
Cardamom	Lassi	Ghee	Juice

11. Match the columns:-

a) I am red in colour I make food spicy Jeera b) I am black and pearl like. I am sharp and spicy Red Chilli c) I am brown and small, added to hot oil and added to curd when roasted Black Pepper

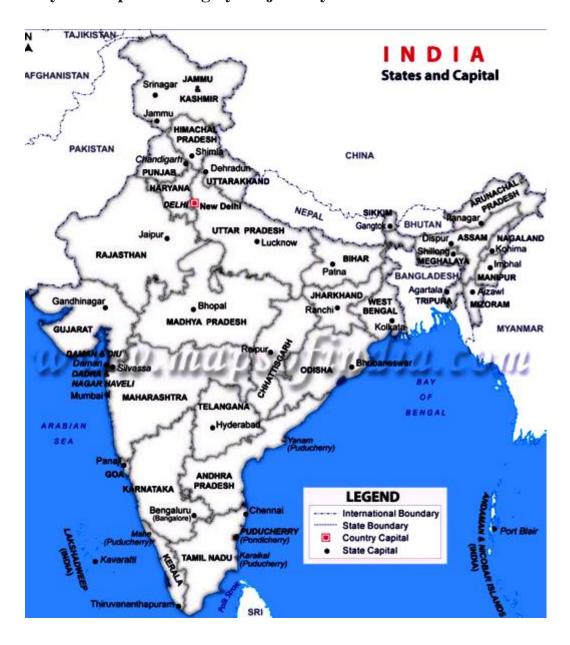
Guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena), estimates spatial quantities (distance, weight, time, duration) in standard / local units (kilo, gaz, pav etc) and verifies using simple tools / setups to establish relation between cause and effect. (e.g. evaporation, condensation, dissolution, absorption; for places near / far objects-size and growth; shelf life of flower, fruit vegetables).

1.	Write T	for True	statement	and F for	False	statement:-
		IVI IIUC	Statement	anu i ivi	Laise	Statement.

a)	When a train or bus is at high speed things outside seem to
	be running in opposite direction. ()
b)	There are three kinds of berths in the railway compartment
	(lower, middle, upper). ()
c)	Big bridges are made over water bodies like big river or part
	of lake. ()
d)	Buses and cars run faster than trains. ()

e) Autorickshaws are used for long Journeys. ()

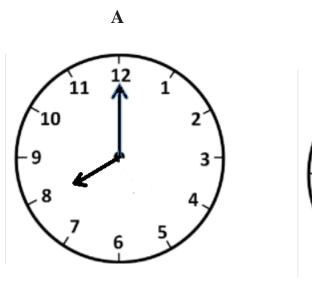
2. Imagine you have to travel from Chandigarh to Maharashtra name the states you will pass through your journey:-

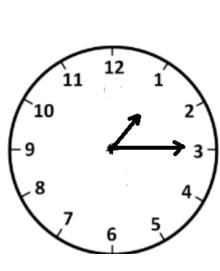


3. See the political map of India and answer the following questions:-

- a) Name the neighbouring states of Chandigarh.
- b) Which state is near to Chandigarh, Rajasthan or Karnataka?
- c) Which city is the capital of Punjab and Haryana?.

4. Look at the picture of clocks and answer the following questions.





B

a) Write the time in both clocks.

b) Radha comes to school at 8 a.m. and leaves the school at 1:15 p.m. How many hours she spends in school?_____

5. What is your date of birth. Find the same for your family members and fill the following charts with help of your parents:-

	Date	Month	Year	Age
Grandfather				
Grandmother				
Father				
Mother				

6. Encircle the things that get dissolved in water:-

Sugar	Dal	Salt	Oil	Haldi	
Wood	Stones	Wax	Plastic	Lemon Juice	Milk

7. Which of the following is measured in dozen?

- a) Apples
- b) Milk
- c) Bananas
- d) Onion

8. Which of the following is measured in kilometre?

- a) Length of book
- b) Cloth
- c) Distance from Chandigarh to Ambala
- d) Water

9.Wet clothes dr	y up in sun due	to:-		
b) c)	Evaporation Condensation Dissolution Absorption			
10.Here is a list of which will stay for		etables	which (of these spoil earlier, and
Brinjal	Watermelon	Pum	pkin	Pomegranate
Grapes	Orange	Ban	ana	Papaya
Apple	Ginger	Ton	nato	Chikoos
Spinach	Gourd	Cuc	umber	Pear
Vegetable	es and fruits that quickly	t spoil		bles and fruits that stay ne days
		_		
		_		
		_		
		_		

Records the observations/experiences/information for objects, activities, phenomena, places visited (mela, festival, historical place) in different ways and predict patterns in activities phenomena.

1. See the pictures carefully .:-









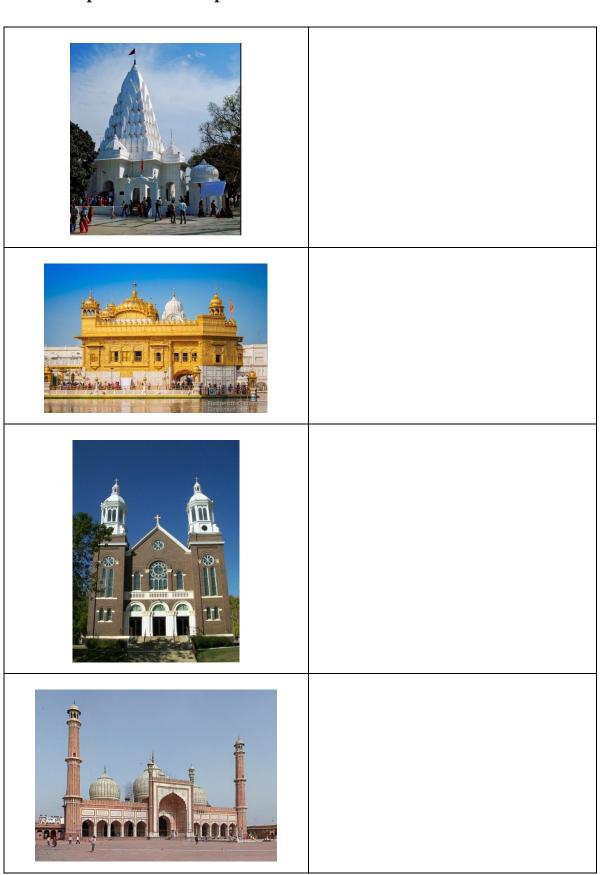






a)	Which festival is being celebrated?	_
b)	Which goddess is worshipped on this festival	?
c)	What do you like about this festival?	
d)	Name the dishes you like to eat on this festive	al.
e)	Name the relatives and friends whom you me	
2. Match	the columns:-	
	\mathbf{A}	В
a)	Eid	Tree
b)	Holi	Sewaiyan
c)	Diwali	Colours
d)	Birthday Party	Diya
e)	Christmas	Cake

3. Name the places of worship:

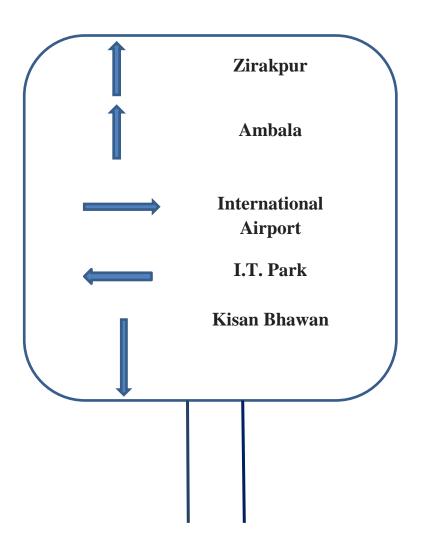


4. Here is a list of differ	ent festivals celebrat	ed around you. Write the
national festivals in col	umn A and tradition	al /cultural festivals in column
B:-		
Diwali	Holi	Independence Day
Karva Chauth	Eid	Republic Day
Children's Day	Gandhi Jayanti	
A		В
5. Match the columns:-		
A		В
a) Gandhi Jayanti		5 September
b) Republic Day		2 nd October
c) Independence Day	7	14 November
d) Children's Day		15 August
e) Teacher's Day		26 January

a)	Mahatama Gar	ndhi			
b)	Narendra Mod	li			
c)	Manmohan Si	ngh			
d)	Sachin Tendul	lkar			
7. Name	the four fairs t	that are o	celebrated in	vour school?	
				<i>y</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
c)					
d) 8. Write		where th	e following f	estivals/fairs are Durga Puja	
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali	where th Bihu	— e following f Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab	where th Bihu	— Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I a) b)	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab Assam	where th Bihu	e following f Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I a) b) c)	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab Assam Uttar Pradesh _	where th	e following f Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I a) b) c) d)	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab Assam Uttar Pradesh _ West Bengal	where th	e following f Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I a) b) c) d) e)	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab Assam_ Uttar Pradesh _ West Bengal _ Tamil Nadu	where th	e following f Baisakhi		
d) 8. Write Holi Vallam I a) b) c) d) e) f)	name of state v Chhat Puja Kali Punjab Assam Uttar Pradesh _ West Bengal	where th	e following f Baisakhi		

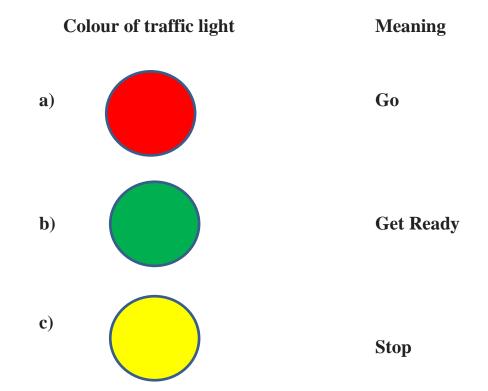
Identifies signs, location of objects / places and guides for the directions w.r.t. a landmark in school / neighbourhood using maps etc.

- 1. Observe the sign boards carefully and answer the following questions:
 - a) You have to turn _____ for reaching International Airport.
 - b) _____ and ____ are in the same direction.
 - c) For going to ______ you have to turn left.



2.	Write the landmarks	that comes on your	way from hom	e to school.

3. Match the following:-



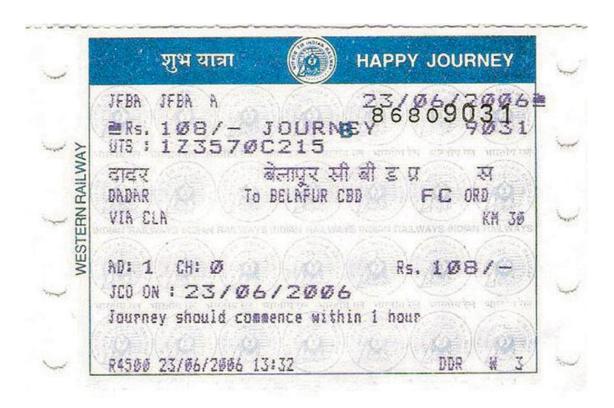
4. Draw the sign of pedestrian crossing (zebra crossing).

5. Try to find out with the help of teachers and parents:-

- a) Bus number that goes from your area to Sector 17._____
- b) Bus number that goes from your area to Mansa Devi._____

Uses the information on sign boards, posters, currency (notes / coins), railway ticket / time table.

1. Observe the ticket and find out the following information:-



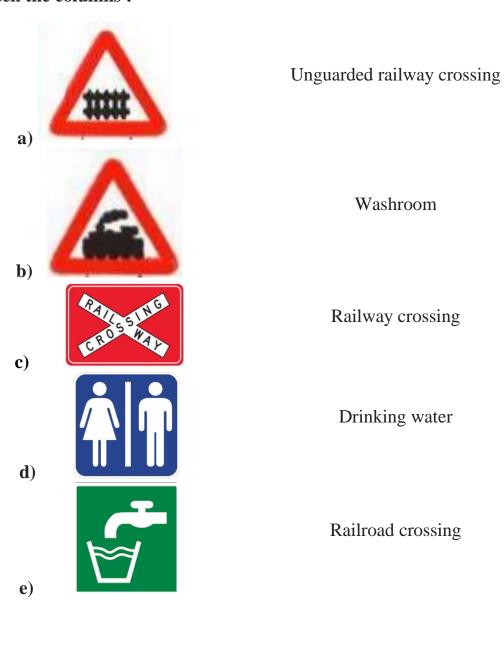
a)	Number of people travelling
b)	Date of departure
c)	Time of departure
d)	Destination

2. Name two trains that run superfast between Chandigarh and Delhi:-

a)	 	 	
b)			

e) Cost of ticket

3. Match the columns:-



4. List few sign boards that you have seen around your house:-						
_						
_						

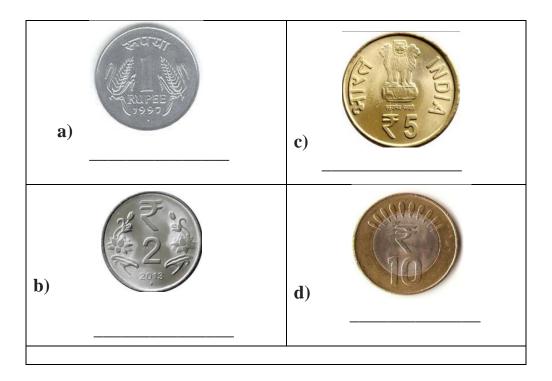
5. This symbol indicates:-



- a) Stop
- b) Go
- c) Round about
- d) Railway crossing
- 6. What does this symbol indicate?



- 7. Draw symbol for no smoking.
- 8. Write the value of given coins and notes:-





e) SPECIMEN - BNP/D/OO1



f)

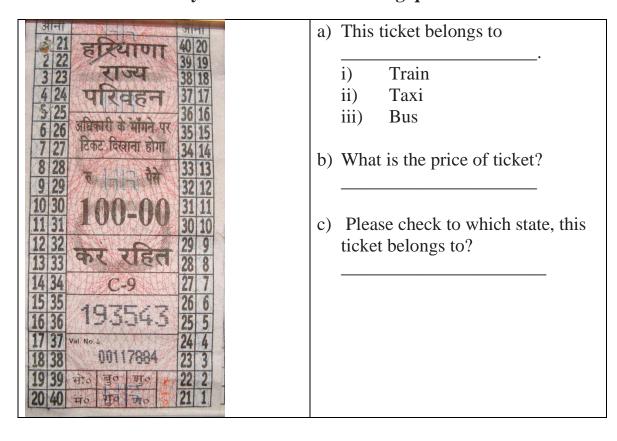


g)



h)

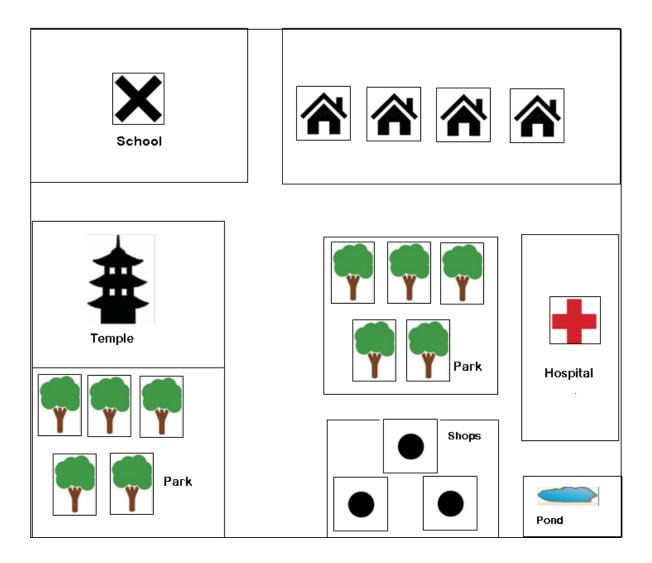
9. See the ticket carefully and answer the following questions:-



Creates collage, designs, models, Rangolis, posters, albums and simple maps (of school / neighbourhood, flow diagrams etc.) using local waste material.

1. Write a slogan to save wate	er.
2 M.L	
z. Make an album of 10 differ you.	rent kinds of leaves of trees that grow around
3. Sow a black gram (chana) a following (dates):-	seed in a pot or ground/garden. Then note the
a) Sowing	
b) Sprouting	
c) First leaf comes out _	
4. Create a collage of sportsp	erson / activities from cutting of old
newspaper and magazines.	

5. Observe the map and answer the following questions:-



- a) School is on left side of houses. (True/False)
- b) Temple is far away from school. (True/False)
- c) Hospital is near to park. (True/False)
- d) There are three parks in area. (True/False)
- e) School is near to houses. (True/False)

Voices opinion on issues observed / experiences in family / school / neighbourhood, e.g. on stereotypes (making choices / decision making / solving problems), discriminatory practices on caste in use of public places, water, Mid-day meal / community eating, child rights (labour, schooling, child abuse, punishment).

1.	M	Take a list of things you get from school :-
2	_	s per law what is the minimum age of marriage for boys?
۷٠		16 years
	b)	18 years
	c)	20 years
	d)	21 years
3.	Fi	ill in the blanks:-
	a)	Minimum age of marriage for girl is (18 years / 16 years).
	b)	Full form of RTE is (Right to environment /
		Right to education)
	c)	Free education is provided from class (I to V / I to VIII)
	d)	Women's Day is celebrated on (5 July / 8 March)
	e)	14 November is celebrated as (Sports Day / Children
		Day)

4. Why do people think that girls cannot play games / sports?

- i. Girls are physically weak.
- ii. Girls cannot understand, the rules of games.
- iii. People do not like the idea of girls playing games.
- iv. Girls get tired easily.
- v. Girls are delicate.

5. Make separate list of features that belong to :-

Water scarcity	Toilet in every House	Lot of garbage
No electricity	Proper garbage Disposal	Electricity connection
Separate tap Connection for homes	Dirty and sm common to	

Slum Area	Developed Area		

6.	Complete the table given below with the menu of mid-day meal (this
	week) served in your school.

Day	Food Item
Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	

7.	Food is	served i	n Gurdwara	also, what	do we call it?	?

- 8. Some body parts can be seen and some body parts we keep covered, that are not mean to be touched by anybody except:-
- i. Parents
- ii. Uncles and Aunts
- iii. Known people
- iv. Friends

9. Match the columns:-

a) Indira Gandhi The first Indian woman to go to space Kiran Bedi The first woman president of India The first woman Prime Minister of India The first woman IPS officer	A	В
b) Kiran Bedi The first woman Prime Minister of India c) Pratibha Patil		The first Indian woman to go to space
c) Pratibha Patil		The first woman president of India
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
d) Kalpana Chawla	d)	The first woman IPS officer

Suggest ways for hygiene, reduce, reuse, recycle and takes care of different living beings (plants, animals and elderly, differently abled people), resources (food, water, and public property).

- 1. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions:Swachh Bharat Abhiyan is a campaign launched by Prime Minister
 Narendra Modi as a nationwide cleanliness campaign. It was started in
 2014 and is dedicated to Mahatma Gandhi. It was launched on 2
 October, 2014. Swachchhta includes personal hygiene as well as
 cleanliness of surroundings.
 - a) Who launched the Swachh Bharat Abhiyan?
 - i. Narendra Modi
 - ii. Mahatma Gandhi
 - iii. Manmohan Singh
 - iv. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - b) This Abhiyan is dedicated to _____
 - i. Mahatma Gandhi
 - ii. Indira Gandhi
 - iii. Jawaharlal Nehru
 - c) Swachhata Abhiyan was started on _____
 - i. 2nd October 2014
 - ii. 2nd October 2015
 - iii. 15th September 2016
 - iv. 5th September 2018

)What activities you	do de senooi foi sw	aciaca 210my and
ncircle the things th	at we get from plan	ts:-
Food	Wood	Oxygen
Shade	Medicines	Fruits
Vegetables	Wax	Plastic
Rubber	Glass	Fodder
Jame two endangere	d species:-	
Name the species tha	t are extinct:-	
Read the statements.	Tick ($\sqrt{}$) the correc	ct statement and
vrong statement:-	, ,	
a) We should litter	in parks and roads.	
b) We should co-or	perate our differently	abled friends.

c) We should not respect and take care of elderly people.

d) We should not waste water.

6. Here is a list of waste materials. Put them into green dustbin and blue dustbin based on the process of recycling:-

Food Items Tea / Coffee Plastic

Broken Glass Kitchen Waste Metal things

Cotton Cartons Papers

Hair Toys Detergent



7. Chipko Movement was started to save the _____ (trees / animals)

	na lake ng thin		pride o	of Cha	andiga	ırh, yo	ur city beautiful. fir	ıd
a) .	Are the	re trees	s and p	lants	around	l Lake?)	
,	Does the	ne wate	r level				nmers, rainy season a	ınc
c) H	Have yo	ou seen	some a	anima	als and	birds a	around lake? Name tl	ne
low ca	an you	help b	irds ar	nd an	imals	around	l you?	
Arran				ps in	farmi	ng as th	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	
Arran	ge the		ing ste	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:-	
Arran Wat	ge the	followi Sowir	ing ste	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	
Arran Wat	ege the tering	followi Sowin	ing ste	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	
Arran Wat a) _ b) _	age the	followi	ing ste	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	
Arran Wat a) _ b) _ c) _	ge the	followi Sowir	ing step Storing	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	
Arran Wat a) _ b) _ c) _ d) _	ege the tering	followi Sowir	ing ste	ps in	farmi	n g as t l	hey are done:- Cutting the crops	

Class V (EVS)

Learning Outcomes (NCERT)

Suggested Pedagogical Processes

The learners may be provided opportunities in pairs/groups/ individually and encouraged to —

- observe and explore the animals for the unique and unusual sense of sight, smell, hear, sleep, and their response to light, heat, sound etc.
- explore the sources of water in their neighbourhood, and how fruit, vegetables, grains, water, reach their home and kind of processes/techniques employed to convert grain to flour and flour to *Roti*, purification of water etc.
- share experiences and discuss about the information collected or places visited with peers, teachers and elders
- prepare guide routes to reach from one place to another
- collect information from pictures / elders/books/ newspapers/ magazines/web resources/ museums etc. about animals which have very sharp sense of hearing, smell and vision, different landforms such as plain area, hilly area, deserts, etc. and the varieties of florafauna, lives of people in such places
- discuss with teachers and elders and use pictures, paintings, visit museums and collect information related to the lives for food, shelter, availability of water, means of livelihood, practices, customs, techniques, of different regions and different time periods
- visit petrol pumps, nature centers, science parks, water treatment plant, bank, health centre, wildlife sanctuaries, cooperative, monument, museum and if possible, far off
- places with different landforms, lifestyles and livelihoods, etc. to observe and interact with people living there and share experiences in different ways
- observe and share experiences for different phenomena such as how water evaporates, condenses, and dissolves different substances under different conditions, and

how food gets spoilt, how seeds germinate and the direction in which roots, shoot grow and conduct simple experiments and activities to find out the same

- conduct activities and simple experiments to check the properties/ features of different objects/ seeds/ water/ waste materials, etc.
- observe, explore surroundings and critically think how seeds reach from one place to another, how the plants and trees grow at places where no one plants them e.g.,

forests, who waters them and who owns them

• visit the night shelters, people living in camps, old age homes, in surroundings and interact with old and/or differently abled and who change their means of earning to find out where do people belong to and why they left their places, where their ancestors had been

Learning Outcomes

The learner —

EV501 explains the super senses and unusual features (sight, smell, hear, sleep, sound, etc.) of animals and their responses to light, sound, food etc.

EV502 explains the use of technology and the process of accessing basic needs (food, water etc.) in our daily life. (e.g., farm produce to kitchen; grains to *Roti*, preservation techniques, storage and tracking of water source)

EV503 describes the interdependence among animals, plants and humans. (e.g., communities earning livelihood from animals, dispersal of seeds etc.)

EV504 explains the role and functions of different institutions in daily life. (Bank, Panchayat, cooperatives, police station, etc.)

EV505 establishes linkages among terrain, climate, resources (food, water, shelter, livelihood) and cultural life. (e.g., life in distant/difficult areas like hot/cold deserts)

EV506 groups objects, materials, activities for features and properties such as—shape, taste, colour, texture, sound, traits etc.

Ev506 traces the changes in practices, customs, techniques of past and present through coins, paintings, monuments, museum etc. and interacting with elders. (e.g., cultivation, conservation, festivals, clothes, transport, materials or tools, occupations, buildings and houses, practices activities like cooking, eating, working)

EV507 guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena), estimates spatial quantities (distance, area, volume, weight etc.) and time in simple standard units and verifies using simple tools/set ups. (e.g., floating/sinking/mixing/evaporation/germination/spoilage/breathing/taste)

EV508 records observations and experiences; information in an organised manner (e.g., in tables/ sketches/ bar graphs/ pie charts) and predicts patterns in activities/ phenomena (e.g., floating, sinking, mixing, evaporation, germination, spoilage) to establish relation between cause and effect.

EV509 identifies signs, directions, location of different objects/landmarks of a locality / place visited in maps and predicts directions in context of positions at different places for a location

living for ages, migration of people and debate on various such issues in the surroundings

• enquire from parents, teachers, peers and elders at home/community to critically think and discuss to reflect on experiences of children related to situations at home,

school, neighbourhood

- discuss freely with peers, teachers and elders about the biases, prejudices, and stereotypes by providing counter examples to one another
- visit departments/ bodies in the surroundings e.g., Bank, Jal Board, and Hospital and Disaster management body and interact with related people and interpret different documents related to them
- watch videos on different types of landforms and the variety of life forms found in such places, different institutions which cater to the need of societies, behaviour of animals, water scarcity, etc. followed by meaningful discussions and debates on occupations that derive from the peculiar geographical characteristics of different regions
- perform simple activities, record the observations in the form of table/ sketch/ bar graph/ pie chart/ oral/ written form, etc. interpret and present their findings
- discuss issues of living beings (plants and animals) as rightful inhabitants of earth, animal rights and ethical treatment to animals
- share experiences of people who work selflessly for common good and what motivates them
- participate actively and undertake initiatives of care, share empathy, leadership by working together in groups e.g., in different indoor/outdoor/local/contemporary activities, games, dance, fine art, carry out projects/role play for taking care of a plant(s), feed birds/animals, things/ elderly/differently abled around them
- conduct mock drills for emergency and disaster preparedness.

EV510 creates posters, designs, models, set ups, local dishes, sketches, maps (of neighbourhood/ different places visited) using a variety of local/waste material and writes poems/ slogans/travelogue etc.

EV511 voices opinions on issues observed/ experienced and relates practices / happenings to larger issues of society. (e.g., discrimination for access/ownership of resources, migration/ displacement / exclusion, child rights)

EV512 suggests ways for hygiene, health, managing waste, disaster/emergency situations and protecting/saving resources (land, fuels, forests, etc.) and shows sensitivity for the disadvantaged/deprived.

EV513 suggests ways for hygiene, health, managing waste, disaster/emergency situations and protecting/saving resources (land, fuels, forests, etc.) and shows sensitivity for the disadvantaged/deprived.

Class - V EVS

Learning Outcomes	Chapters			
EV501	1,2,3,8			
EV502	3,4,6,7,19			
EV503	1,2,5			
EV504	8,16,17			
EV505	9,11,13,14,20			
EV506	3,6,7,12,15			
EV507	2,6,10,11,12,16,17,18,22			
EV508	3,5,6,7,12,15,19			
EV509	1,4,7,12,15			
EV510	9,10,11			
EV511	4,6,17			
EV512	12,16,18,20,22			
EV513	3,8,14,20			

Monthly plan of Chapters based on Learning Outcomes Class V - EVS

Month	Chapter	Learning Outcomes
	Chapter-1	EV501, EV502, EV503
April	Chapter-2	EV503, EV512, EV513
	Chapter-3	EV502, EV506, EV513
	Chapter-4	EV502, EV506
May	Chapter-5	EV506, EV508, EV509
	Chapter-6	EV513, EV511
	Chapter-7	EV502, EV505, EV509
July	Chapter-8	EV501, EV504
	Chapter-9	EV505, EV510, EV513
A	Chapter-10	EV507, EV510
August	Chapter-11	EV505, EV508, EV510 Revision
September	·	Exams
	Chapter-12	EV506, EV508, EV512, EV513
October	Chapter-13	EV505, EV512
	Chapter-14	EV505, EV511, EV513
	Chapter-15	EV506, EV508, EV509
November	Chapter-16	EV504, EV505, EV512, EV513
	Chapter-17	EV512, EV513
D	Chapter-18	EV505, EV507, EV512, EV513
December	Chapter-19	EV502, EV503, EV507, EV509
	Chapter-20	EV505, EV512, EV513
January	Chapter-21	EV510
	Chapter-22	EV512 EV513
February		Revision for Exams
March		Exams

Learning Outcome - EV501

Explains the Super Senses and unusual features (Sight, Smell Hear, Sleep, Sound etc.) of animals and their responses to light, sound, food etc.

11. Name the animal with special se	ense of smell
12. Name the animal with special se	ense of sight
13. Which animal send special warr	ning calls about the danger
•	
14.Match the animals with their sle	eping time :-
Animals	Sleeping Time
Cow	17 hours
Python	12 hours
Giraffe	04 hours
Cat	18 hours
Sloth	02 hours
15.State whether True or False:-	
a) Snake dances on hearing the so	und of been. ()
b) Mosquitoes attract to the smell	of humans. ()
c) Animals that are awake at night	t can see things in black and white. ()
d) All birds have eyes in front of t	heir heads. ()
e) We should kill animals for their	r skin or tusks. ()
16.Share your information about T	iger
a) A tiger can see	times better than us.
b) Tigers mark their area	a with their
c) Tiger's roar can be he	eard upto kilometers.
d) Tigers can	sense the movements in the air.

<u>Learning Outcome – EV502</u>

Explain the use of technology and the process of accessing basic needs (food, water etc.) in our daily life. (preservation techniques, storage and tracking of water source).

ite some methods of preserving food items.	
a)	
b)	
c)	
d)	
ne some food items that can be preserved by these metho a) Boiling	ds:-
b) Canning	-
c) Freezing	
d) Drying	
ne some crops that are grown in your area.	
n	b) c) d) me some food items that can be preserved by these method a) Boiling b) Canning c) Freezing

Write a	t least two for	r each:-	
a)	Water source	es in rural areas	·
b)	Water sourc	es in urban area	ıs
c)	Water relate	d festivals	
Circle th	e methods of	f purifying wat	er:-
Boilir	ng	Filtration	Cooking
	Canning		Chlorination
columns			the water storage under g
columns	_	Water Tank	Johad Stepwell(Bavdis)
columns	Lake	Water Tank	Johad
	Lake	Water Tank	Johad

<u>Learning Outcome – EV503</u>

Describe the interdependence among animals, plants and humans (example: communities earning livelihood from animals, dispersal of seeds)

_	-				7.0		
1.	Find out	the animals on	which	neonle d	enend for	their liv	velihood.
	I III O O	the difficult of	************	beobie a	opena ror		, cillioodi

D	K	W	L	0
O	E	P	Н	X
N	В	U	L	L
K	O	L	C	X
E	S	R	Q	Н
Y	Z	V	W	R

2.	Write the	names o	of animals	on which	these p	eople depe	nd for
	earning						

- a) Milkman _____
- b) Farmer _____
- c) Washer man_____
- d) Poultry farmer____
- e) Tonga man_____

3. Complete these food chains

- a) Sun \rightarrow Plants \rightarrow \longrightarrow
- b) $Grass \rightarrow Dear \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
- c) $Plant \rightarrow Worm \rightarrow Hen \rightarrow _$

4. Seeds a	re dispersed	by:-		
a)	Wind		d)Animals	
h`) Books		e) Fruit Explosions	
0,	DOOKS		c) I fuit Explosions	
c)	Water		f) Toys	
5. Give an	n example of o	each of these:-		
a	A seed that	gets dispersed b	y animals	
b) A plant who	ose seeds are dis	persed by water	
C	A crop who	ose seeds get disp	persed by air	•
	names of two		1	
\mathbf{a}_{j}			ood,	
b	That are used			·
c	That give us	eggs		
d)) That give us	milk		
e)	That are help	pful to the farme	ers,	·

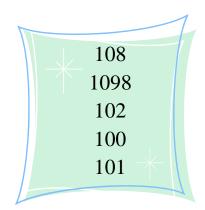
Learning Outcome – EV504

Explain the role and functions of different institutions in daily life (Bank, Panchayat, Co-operatives, Police Stations etc.)

1.	Whe	re should we go:
		a) to open an account
		b) to complain of a theft
		c) to pay our water bill
		d) to have vaccination
2.	What	we call:
	a.	The head of a Panchayat
	b.	A man who roams all night to guard us
	c.	A place where we get a variety of books to read -

3. Write down correct contact numbers :

- a. Police station _____
- b. Fire brigade _____
- c. Ambulance _____
- d. Child helpline _____
- e. Disaster Management _____



	Bank	Birth Certificate
	Police Station	Treatment of disease / injury
	E-Sampark	Loan
	Hospital	Maintenance of law and order
5. Why	do we come to school? T	Γell in five sentences.

<u>Learning Outcome – EV505</u>

Establishes linkages among terrain, climate, resources (food, water, shelter, livelihood) and cultural life. (e.g. life in distance / difficult areas like hot / cold deserts)

1.	In	which	climate	do	peopl	e used	to	live in	such	types	of	houses
----	----	-------	---------	----	-------	--------	----	---------	------	-------	----	--------

- e) Houses with sloping roof _____.
- f) Houses on bamboo sticks ______.
- g) Houses made with wood _____.
- h) House made with cement, brick ______



2. Do you know:-

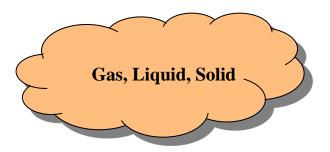
- a) The highest peak of the world _____.
- b) The highest peak of India ______.
- c) The longest river of the world _____.
- d) The longest river of India_____.

3.	Choose the right answer
	sandy area (desert), cold and hilly area, summer season
	a) People have to walk long to fetch drinking water
	b) Children go to school through rope-trolley
	c) People wear cotton and light coloured clothes
	d) People wear woollen clothes
5.	What is causing the climate to change?

<u>Learning Outcome – EV506</u>

Groups objects, materials, activities for features and properties such as shape, taste, colour, texture, sound, traits etc.

1. Fill in the blanks with the help of given options:-



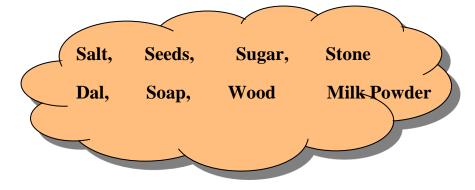
- i) What is filled in the football _____.
- j) The fruit basket is a _____.
- k) The balloon contains ______.
- 1) Water is a ______.

2. Name any three :-

3. State whether true or false

- a) All matter is made up of small particles. _____
- b) Solids cannot be bent or broken.
- c) Air is a mixture of different gases._____
- d) Solids take the shape of the container in which they are kept.

4. Enlist these things according to their traits



Soluble	Insoluble

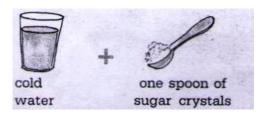
5.	What	do	von	think
•	v v mat	uv	you	

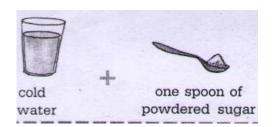
a)	Gases	have a	fixed	volume
----	-------	--------	-------	--------

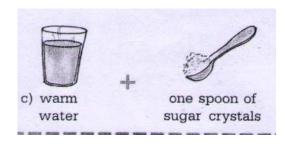
- b) Metal is found in 2 states _____
- c) During melting, solid changes to liquid_____
- d) One state of matter cannot be changed into another____

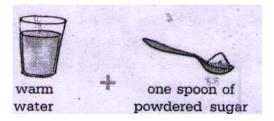
6. Let's do and enjoy, then observe and taste.

Try Making a sugar solution in these different ways. Write down what you see in each case. (Dissolving faster / slower)









Learning Outcome – EV507

Traces the changes in practices, customs, and techniques of past and present through coins, paintings, monuments, museum etc. and interacting with elders (e.g. Cultivation, conservation, festivals, clothes, transport, materials or tools, occupations, buildings and houses. Practices activities like cooking, eating, working)

1. Choose from the help box and write the sources of water in the given columns:-

Tap Tube-Well Johad Stepwell Hand-Pump Well Water-Tank River

Traditional sources	Modern sources

2. Tick the coins and notes that are used these days



a)

e)



f)



b)



g)



c)



5RD 958286 5 3

h)



Encircle those	things which cannot be	found during excavat
Coin	Mobile Phone	Paintings
Cars	Utensils	Statues
Write the nan	ne of state where these f	estivals are celebrated
a) Bihu		Tamil Nadu
b) Ponga	al	Punjab
c) Onan	1	Kerala
d) Baisa	khi	Gujarat
e) Kite !	Festival -	Assam
. Make the corr	ect pairs by matching:-	
Column	n A	Column B
a) Garba	a) M	Iizoram
b) Kalbeliya	b) T	'amil Nadu
c) Bhangra	c) R	ajasthan
d) Bharatanaty	am d) G	Sujarat
		unjab

Learning Outcome – EV508

Guesses (properties, conditions of phenomena) estimates spatial quantities (distance, area, volume, weight etc.) and time in simple standard units and verifies using simple tools / setups. (e.g. floating / sinking / mixing / evaporation / germination / spoilage/breathing / taste)

1.	Wha	t do you think?
	a.	The earth is round like a ball / an egg
	b.	Things kept floating / set straight in the spaceship
	c.	Hot air is light / heavy
	d.	Cold air rises up / comes down.
2.	Try t	o find out
	a)	Price of one litre petrol
	b)	Weight of a LPG cylinder

3. Let's complete this table:

Day	Time of	Time of	Time of	Time of
	Sunrise	Sunset	Moonrise	Moonset
Monday				
Wednesday				
Friday				
Sunday				

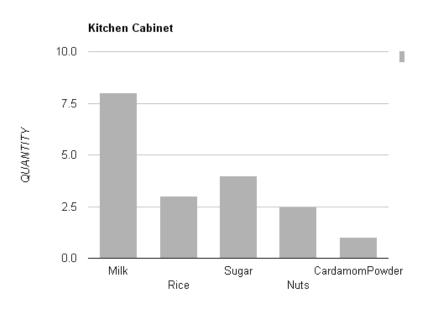
4.	Tick ($\sqrt{\ }$) the c	onditions required	for seeds to germina	ate.
	a) Air		b) Hailstorms	
	c) Sunlight		d) Water	
	e) Rain		f) Snow	
5.	Match the col	lumn A with colum	n B	
	C	olumn A	Column B	
	a) Air		a) Air Pressure	
	a) Separatioand water		b) Filtration	
	b) Water ris	es in straw	c) Chlorination	
	c) Adding c	hlorine in water	d) Mixture of G	ases
6.	Give two exam	mples that air has v	veight.	

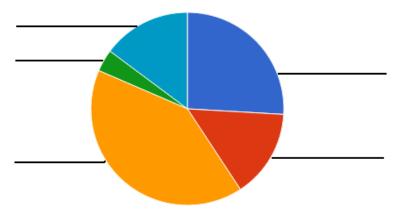
1
2
3
4

<u>Learning Outcome – EV509</u>

Records observations and experiences; information in an organised matter manner (example in tables / sketches / bar graphs / Pie Charts) and predicts pattern in activities phenomena (e.g. floating / sinking / mixing) to establish relation between cause and effect.

8. Let's prepare delicious Kheer in our pan (Pie Chart / Roti -chart) with the ingredients given in kitchen cabinet (Bar-Graph).





9. Circle	e the objects th	at float on w	ater.	
a) Leaf	b) Iron Ro	c) W	ooden Scale	e d) Steel Spoon
e) Paper	Sheet f) Sto	ones Statue		
10.Comp	olete the table	by putting th	e causes ar	nd effects at their
prope	er places.			
	Causes			Effects
a) Ex	cess use of fert	ilizers	a) Jaun	dice
b) Ho	onking loud mu	sic	b) Brea	thing problems
c) Dr	ainage of factor	ry waste in	c) Head	ache and deafness
wa	ter bodies			
d) Le	ss greenery, mo	ore vehicles	d) Infer	tile soil
		Causes		Effects
Polluted Wa	ater			
Polluted La	nd			
Polluted Air	r			
Noise Pollut	tion			
44 5 4	1 4	66 3		
	cle the reasons		_	
a.	Moisture	b) Dr	ying	c)Air
d)	Freezing	e) Car	nning	f) Cooking
g)	Boiling	h) Te	mperature	i) Microorganism
<u> </u>	-		_	_

<u>Learning Outcome – EV510</u>

Identifies signs, directions, location of different objects landmarks of a locality / place visited in maps and predicts directions in context of positions at different places for a location

No Horn No Entry No U-Turn
No Left-Turn Speed Breaker

1. Try to identify these common road signs:







2. Observe the n	_	and write the nar	me of any state lo	cated in
a)	North		b) East	
c)	South		d) West	
3. Try to opt cor	rect answers	:-		
a)	A city on a r by a	map is marked		
b)	The water be indicated on	odies are	Blue, Dee brown, Po Map, Sma	olitical
c)	A map show	ving different different states is called	circle, Cartogra)
d)		nds and mountains	are represented by	ÿ

		<u>Clues</u>
		Schoo
		Tree
		Bus Sto
	TE	Restaurar
	1	Hous

<u>Learning Outcome – EV511</u>

Creates posters, designs, models, setups, local dishes, sketches, maps (of neighbourhood / different places visited) using a variety of local / waste material and write poems / slogans / travelogue etc.

i mane a p	oster on "Conse	i racion or wa	•	

2. Try to prepare a model of Chhatbir Zoo that you visited with your teachers during school excursion.

Beti Bachao Beti Padhao						
Swachh Bharat Swasth Bharat						
4. Write a few se	entences abou	it the places	you vis	ited in sun	nmer	
a)						
b)						
c)						
d)						
e)						
		1 / 1	nd drav	v it here.		
5. Design a flag	for your scho	ooi / nouse a				

<u>Learning Outcome – EV512</u>

Voices opinions on issues observed / experiences and relates practices / happenings to larger issues of society. (example discrimination for access / ownership of resources, migration / displacement / exclusion, child rights)

1. Tell your opinions about these facts (right / wrong)

- a) Education is the right of each and every child.
- b) We should not save water and greenery.
- c) We should kill animals for tusk, skin or even just pleasure.
- d) More waste is produced by rural people than urban people.
- e) Burning waste is better than composting.

2. Explore the dictionary and discuss the meaning of these words:-

a)	Displacement
b)	Migration -
c)	Transfer
d)	Emigration -

3. Tell me some things:-

- a) Does your father have a transferable job?
- b) Have you always lived at the place that you now?
- c) Did your grandparents also live at this place, when they were of your age?
- d) How does displacement affect the lives of the people?

4.	Find	out and	write	about th	ne educa	ition ai	nd wor	k of	your	family
	mem	bers.								

Name of family member	Age	Studied up to	Kind of work he/she do

5. How domestic works are divided among your family members.

Domestic Work	Name and relation of family members
a) Cooking	
b) Cleaning	
c) Washing Clothes	
d) Washing Utensils	
e) Purchasing	

<u>Learning Outcome – EV513</u>

Suggest ways for hygiene, health, managing waste, disaster/ emergency situations and protecting / saving resources (land, fuels, forests etc.) and show sensitivity for the disadvantage / deprived

1.	Tell in Yes or No that	thoso should be do	no or not	
1.			me of not.	
	a) Avoid contamina			
	b) Don't trim your n			
	c) Avoid contamina	tion of food.		
	d) Maintenance of c	leanliness.		
	e) Avoid contact with	th the sick person.		
	f) Irregular vaccinat	tion.		
	g) Exercise and prop	er sleep.		
2.	Identify and circle the	e sources of energy	that will finish one d	lay :-
	Petrol	Solar Energy	Coal	•
	Г	Piesel	Natural Gas	
3.	Right or wrong?			
	a) When there	is no rain, there can	be a drought.	
	b) Excessive r	ainfall never leads to	o floods.	
	c) Shortage of	food and water can	result in famine.	
4.	What will happen if t	here are no forests	?	

b) Go to an open ground. c) Stand under a tree. d) Sit under a table. e) Hands on your head. f) Help each other. ame any two movements that were started as a protest against eforestation. a) b)
d) Sit under a table. e) Hands on your head. f) Help each other. ame any two movements that were started as a protest against reforestation. a)
e) Hands on your head. f) Help each other. ame any two movements that were started as a protest against eforestation. a)
f) Help each other. Tame any two movements that were started as a protest against eforestation. a)
ame any two movements that were started as a protest against eforestation. a)
a)
a)
a)
~,